Study programme

Chemical and process engineering first degree study The profile of studing: general academic





1. Basic information about the course

The name of the field of study	Chemical and process engineering				
The level of study	first degree study				
The profile of studing	general academic				

The name of the core discipline, in which more than half of the learning outcomes are obtained together with the percentage share of the number of ECTS credits for the core discipline in the total number of ECTS credits required to complete studies in the course of study.

The name of the core discipline	Share
chemical engineering	74 %

Names of other disciplines together with the percentage share of the number of ECTS credits for other disciplines in the total number of ECTS credits required to complete a course of study. PRS7

	Share
chemical sciences	16 %
mechanical engineering	10 %

Number of semesters	7
Specializations in the course of study	Product design and engineering of pro-ecological processes Processing of polymer materials
Number of ECTS credit points required to complete the studies	210
Total number of class hours	Product design and engineering of pro-ecological processes: 2667 Processing of polymer materials : 2667
Recruitment requirements	Requirements annually determined by the Senate of Rzeszów University of Technology
After graduation, the graduate obtains a professional title	Bachelor of Science (BSc)
	The graduate has general knowledge of mathematical-natural sciences and technical sciences. He understands and is able to use basic principles and physical laws that underlie chemical and process engineering to solve technical problems, including: principles of mass, energy and momentum balancing, laws of equilibrium (chemical and phase), laws of process kinetics. The graduate understands the course of processes at stationary and non-stationary state as well as the basics of processes control and safe processes conduction. He can plan and do research, use measuring instruments and interpret the obtained results.
Graduate's profile, employment opportunities	He knows the basic methods, techniques and tools used to solve simple engineering tasks in the field of chemical and process engineering, in particular: principles of process and apparatus design, computational and simulation techniques, typical commercially available design supporting programs. Graduates can elaborate their own simple calculation programs, can use professional literature and databases and can prepare the calculation of process costs.
	The graduate is prepared to take a professional job in the chemical industry and related industries - in positions related to the running and organization of production processes as well as design offices and consulting companies. The graduate has a knowledge of a foreign language at the B2 level of the Common European Framework of Reference for languages of the Council of Europe. The graduate has ingrained habits of continuous education and is prepared to undertake second-degree studies or appropriate post-graduate studies
	Thanks to the teacher-student interaction, local government activity and activity in scientific circles, the graduate shapes his social attitude, he is well prepared for cooperation with the scientific and industrial surroundings, he has the ability to work in a team and is able to mutual solving of tasks concerning technical problems and problems resulting from functioning in the society.

2. Learning outcomes

Symbol	Contents	References to PRK
K_W01	Has knowledge of mathematics that allows the use of mathematical methods to describe chemical and physical processes and phenomena	P6S_WG
K_W02	Has knowledge of physics that allows understanding of physical phenomena in nature and technology	P6S_WG
K_W03	Has knowledge necessary to understand the physical and chemical bases of elementary operations and processes in chemical engineering	P6S_WG
K_W04	Has knowledge of machine science and chemical apparatus that enables understanding and designing operations and processes of chemical engineering	P6S_WG
K_W05	Has knowledge of the basics of balancing and transport of momentum, heat and mass, required to understand, supervise and design unit operations in chemical engineering	P6S_WG
K_W06	Has knowledge of general, inorganic, analytical, organic and physical chemistry and thermodynamics useful for describing chemical transformations	P6S_WG

K_W07	Has a general orientation in current directions of development in the fields of chemical engineering, as well as chemistry, chemical technology and chemical industry	P6S_WG
K_W08	Has elementary knowledge in the field of engineering disciplines related to chemical and process engineering	P6S_WG
K_W09	Has basic knowledge in the field of metrology as well as of control and measurement equipment	P6S_WG
K_W10	Has elementary knowledge necessary to understand social, economic, legal and other non-technical aspects of engineering activities	P6S_WK
K_W11	Has basic knowledge of management, including quality management and running a business	P6S_WK
K_W12	Has basic knowledge in the field of intellectual property protection, industrial property protection as well as in copyright and patent law	P6S_WK
K_U01	Is able to acquire information from literature, databases and other sources, also in a foreign language, draw appropriate conclusions and formulate own opinions	P6S_UW
K_U02	Is able to use computer programs supporting the implementation of tasks typical for chemical and process engineering	P6S_UW
K_U03	Is able to plan and conduct experimental research and analysis, as well as computer simulations using the appropriate tools and techniques and interpret the collected results	P6S_UW
K_U04	Is able to design basic apparatus used in the chemical and related industries	P6S_UW
K_U05	Is able to design and model the course of basic processes and unit operations used in the chemical and related industries	P6S_UW
K_U06	Is able to solve practical tasks in the field of chemical engineering based on engineering standards, as well as using experience gained in the chemical and related industries	P6S_UW
K_U07	Is able to read and prepare technical documentation in accordance with the principles of engineering graphics	P6S_UW
K_U08	Understands and can explain the physical and chemical bases of phenomena occurring during unit processes and operations	P6S_UW
K_U09	Is able to analyze the suitability of existing technical solutions and the way they work for the needs of specific industrial processes and operations	P6S_UW
K_U10	Is able to select raw materials and appropriate technologies and evaluate the possibility of waste management in the technological processes of the chemical and related industries	P6S_UW
K_U11	Is able to design processing operations of polymer materials on an industrial scale in accordance with technological principles	P6S_UW
K_U12	Is able to assess the risks associated with the use of chemical products and processes. Is aware and able to perceive non- technical aspects, including ethical and ecological aspects of engineering activities	P6S_UW
K_U13	Is able to make a preliminary economic analysis of enterprises in the field of chemical and process engineering	P6S_UW
K_U14	Is able to communicate using different techniques in professional environments and in other environments, also in a foreign language	P6S_UK
K_U15	Is prepared to work in an industrial environment and knows the safety rules associated with this work	P6S_UK
K_U16	Knows a foreign language at B2 CEFR level and is able to use a specialist language in the field of chemical and process engineering	P6S_UK
K_U17	Is able to present the results of own research and literature studies in the form of a self-made presentation	P6S_UK
K_U18	Is able to plan and organize his own work and work in a team that accomplishes a common task	P6S_UO
K_U19	Is aware of the responsibility for his own work and is able to comply with the rules of working in a team	P6S_UO
K_U20	Has the ability to self-education, raise professional competences and supplement his knowledge throughout his professional life	P6S_UU
K_K01	Is able to critically assess the state of own knowledge and is ready to consult experts in the face of difficulties in solving problems independently	P6S_KK
K_K02	Is aware of and understands the role of a chemical engineer in modern society	P6S_KO
К_К03	Is able to provide information about the achievements of chemical and process engineering as well as about various aspects of the engineering profession in a commonly understood way	P6S_KO
K_K04	Understands the need to act in an entrepreneurial way	P6S_KO
K_K05	Is able to responsibly fulfill professional roles by following the rules of professional ethics and caring about the profession and its traditions	P6S_KR

The description of learning outcomes includes learning outcomes referred to in the Act of 22 December 2015 on the Integrated Qualification System and takes into account universal characteristics of the first degree cycle specified in this Act and the characteristics of the second degree cycle specified in the regulations issued on the basis of Article 7, section 3 of this Act, including the learning outcomes related to foreign language skills whereas in the case of the course of study leading to the award of the professional title of engineer - a full range of learning outcomes enabling the achievement of engineering competences.

3. Study plans, their parameters, verification methods and educational content

3.1. Product design and engineering of pro-ecological processes

3.1.1. Parameters of the study plan

The total number of ECTS credits that a student must obtain in the course of classes conducted with direct participation of academic teachers or other persons conducting classes.	125 ECTS
The total number of ECTS credits allocated to classes related to scientific activity conducted at the university in a given discipline or disciplines to which the course of study is assigned.	116 ECTS
The total number of ECTS credits required to be obtained by a student in the humanities or social sciences for the courses of study assigned to disciplines within the fields of study other than the humanities or social sciences respectively.	5 ECTS
The total number of ECTS credits allocated to elective courses.	63 ECTS
Total number of ECTS credits allocated to work placements, internships (if the study program includes work placements or internships).	4 ECTS
Hours of apprenticeships, internships (if the study program provides for internships or apprenticeships).	160 h.
The total number of ECTS points that a student must obtain as part of a foreign language course.	9 ECTS

Detailed information about:

- 1. the relationship between learning outcomes and modular learning outcomes;
- key learning outcomes in terms of knowledge, skills and social competences, demonstrating their relation to the discipline / disciplines to which the course is assigned;
 the development of learning outcomes at the level of classes or group of classes, in particular related to the scientific activity conducted
- the development of learning outcomes at the level of classes or group of classes, in particular related to the scientific activity conducted at the university;
- 4. learning outcomes in terms of knowledge, skills and social competences leading to the acquisition of engineering competences, in the case of study programmes on completion of which the student is awarded a professional title of engineer / Master of Engineering;

can be found in the Module Activity Sheets, available at the following URL: http://krk.prz.edu.pl/plany.pl?Ing=EN&W=C&K=P&TK=html&S=1495&C=2020, which are an integral part of the study programme.

3.1.2. Plan of study

Semester	Org.Unit	name of the subject	Lecture	Class	Laboratory	Project/ Seminar	Sum of hours	ECTS	Exam	Mand.
1	ZB	Technical safety and ergonomics	15	0	0	0	15	1	Ν	
1	CN	General and inorganic chemistry	30	30	0	0	60	6	Т	
1	ZH	Academic savoir - vivre	10	0	0	0	10	1	Ν	
1	FF	Physics	30	30	0	0	60	6	Т	
1	ZM	Social competences	10	15	0	0	25	2	N	
1	FM	Mathematics	30	30	0	0	60	6	т	
4			20	20	0	0	00	4	N	-
1	CI		30	30	0	0	60	4	IN	-
1	CM	Introduction to materials science	15	15	0	0	30	2	N	
1	20		30	0	0	0	30	2	N	
Sums for	the seme	ster: 1	200	150	0	0	350	30	3	4
2	CN	General and inorganic chemistry	30	15	30	0	75	6	Т	
2	FF	Physics	15	15	15	0	45	4	Т	
2	CI	Computer engineering graphics (CAD)	15	0	45	0	60	4	N	
2	FM	Mathematics	30	30	0	0	60	6	Т	
2	CI	Machines theory and technical mechanics	30	0	0	15	45	3	N	
2	EM	Metrology and industrial measurements	15	0	15	0	30	2	N	
2	CI	Packages of application software	0	0	30	0	30	2	N	
2	СВ	Computer science	15	0	30	0	45	3	Ν	
Sums for	the seme	ster: 2	150	60	165	15	390	30	3	4
3	CN	Analytical chemistry	15	0	30	0	45	3	N	
3	CF	Physical chemistry	30	30	15	0	75	6	Т	
3	CD	Organic chemistry	30	30	30	0	90	7	Т	
3	СВ	Scientific and technological information	0	0	2	0	2	0	N	
3	DJ	Foreign language	0	30	0	0	30	2	N	
3	EM	Mathematics	15	15	0	0	30	3	N	
2			20	20	0	0	60	5	т	
2		Fluid dynamics	30	30	20	0	20	2	I N	
3	CB	Statistics and results elaboration	15	0	15	0	30	2	N	
3		Physical Education	0	30	0	0	30	0	N	
Sums for	the seme	ster: 3	135	165	122	0	422	30	3	2
ounio ioi				100		•			Ŭ	-
4	CE	Physical chemistry	30	30	30	0	90	7	т	
4			0	30	0	0	30	2	N	
4		Fundamentals of heat and mass transfer	20	20	0	0	60	5	т	
4	CI	Fundamentals of chemical technology	30	30	0	0	60	5	N	
		Industry processes and process apparatus, process								
4	CI	intensification	30	15	0	0	45	4	N	
4	CI	Parametric designing in Autodesk Inventor	0	0	20	0	20	2	N	
4	CI	Engineering thermodynamics	30	30	0	0	60	5	Ť	
4		Physical Education	0	30	0	0	30	0	N	-
Sums for	the seme	ster: 4	150	195	50	0	395	30	3	1
		r	-	1	r	n			I	1
5	CF	Instrumental analysis	30	0	30	0	60	4	Ν	
5	CI	Diffusion separation processes	30	15	0	15	60	6	Т	

5	CI	Product engineering	15	0	15	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	Foreign language	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	СК	Engineering materials	30	0	30	0	60	4	Т	
5	CI	Computer Flow Dynamics (CFD)	0	0	0	30	30	2	Ν	
5	CI	Industry processes and process apparatus, process intensification	15	15	15	15	60	4	Т	
5	CI	Heat transfer equipment design	15	0	15	15	45	2	Ν	
5	CM	Chemical technology	30	0	45	0	75	4	Ν	
Sums for	the seme	ester: 5	165	60	150	75	450	30	3	1
6	CS	Polymer chemistry and technology	30	0	30	0	60	4	Т	
6	CI	Diffusion separation processes	15	15	15	15	60	6	Т	
6	CI	Engineering of powder materials	15	15	0	0	30	2	Ν	
6	BT	Engineering of wastewater treatment processes	15	0	15	15	45	4	Z	
6	CI	Engineering of the sustainable industrial procesess	15	0	0	15	30	2	Ν	
6	DJ	Foreign language	0	30	0	0	30	3	т	
6	CI	3D Computer Aided Design	0	0	0	30	30	2	Ν	
6	CI	Selected unit operation	30	15	15	15	75	7	Т	
Sums for	the seme	ester: 6	120	75	75	90	360	30	4	1
7	CN	Environmental engineering	30	0	0	0	30	2	Ν	
7	CI	Renewable sources of energy and energy-saving technologies	30	0	0	15	45	4	Ν	
7	СХ	Professional training	0	0	0	0	0	4	Ν	
7	CX	Engineering project	0	0	0	120	120	11	Ν	
7	CI	Process design	15	0	0	30	45	4	Z	
7	CI	Chemical reactors	30	30	0	0	60	5	Ν	
Sums for	the seme	ester: 7	105	30	0	165	300	30	0	0
TOTALS	FOR ALL	SEMESTERS:	1025	735	562	345	2667	210	19	13

Note that not being granted credits from the modules marked with a red flag makes it impossible to make an entry for the next semester (even if the total number of ECTS credits is lower than the permissible debt), these are modules continued in the next semester or modules in which failure to achieve all assumed learning outcomes does not allow one to continue studies in the modules included in the next semester's study programme

3.1.3. Elective modules

The following modules are an extension of the table from the chapter 3.1.2. They can be chosen by students regardless of their specialisation / education path.

Semester	Org.Unit	name of the subject	Lecture	Class	Laboratory	Project/ Seminar	Sum of hours	ECTS	Exam	Mand.
2	ZE	Fundamentals of economics	30	0	0	0	30	2	Ν	
2	ZO	Fundamentals of management	30	0	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DJ	English (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DJ	English (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DJ	French (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DJ	French (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DJ	German (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DJ	German(B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DJ	Russian (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DJ	Russian (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
4	DJ	English (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
4	DJ	English (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
4	DJ	French (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
4	DJ	French (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
4	DJ	German (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
4	DJ	German(B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
4	DJ	Russian (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
4	DJ	Russian (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	English (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	English (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	French (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	French (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	German (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	German(B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	Russian (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	Russian (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	

6	DJ	English (A)	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	
6	DJ	English (B)	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	
6	DJ	French (A)	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	
6	DJ	French (B)	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	
6	DJ	German (A)	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	
6	DJ	German(B)	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	
6	DJ	Russian (A)	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	
6	DJ	Russian (B)	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	

3.1.4. Verification methods of learning outcomes

Detailed rules and methods for the verification and assessment of learning outcomes that allow all learning outcomes to be verified and assessed are described in the Module Activity Sheets. Within the framework of a study programme, verification of learning outcomes is carried out in particular by means of the following methods: written, exam part practical, exam part oral, written pass, pass a part practical, oral pass, essay, colloquium, written test, observation of performance, portfolio, project presentation, written report, oral report, project report, written test.

Detailed information about the verification of learning outcomes achieved by students can be found in the Module Activity Sheets at the URL address: http://krk.prz.edu.pl/plany.pl?Ing=EN&W=C&K=P&TK=html&S=1495&C=2020

3.1.5. Programme content

Programme content (educational content) is consistent with the learning outcomes and takes into account, in particular, the current state of knowledge and research methodology in the discipline or disciplines to which the course of study is assigned, as well as the results of scientific activity in this discipline or disciplines. A detailed description of the program content is available in the Module Activity Sheets at the URL: http://krk.prz.edu.pl/plany.pl?lng=EN&W=C&K=P&TK=html& S=1495&C=2020, which are an integral part of the study programme.

3D Computer Aided Design	K_W05, K_W08, K_U02, K_U07, K_U20, K_K01					
• Connections of machine parts • Inventor settings and parameters • Inventor 2D modeling possibilities • Examples of the use of selected features of Inventor 3D space • practical exercises of 3D modeling • Fundamentals of stress analysis for model • Strength calculations of the element of chemical apparatus						
Academic savoir - vivre	K_W10, K_U18, K_U19, K_U20, K_K02, K_K03, K_K05					
• Principles and norms of behavior in interpersonal relationships. The origin of the concept of etiquette. Legal and moral norms and custom. The universal rules of the etiquette.Personal culture.Importance of good morals in private and professional life.Stereotypy.Good manners and the image. • Classic savoir-vivre rules Fundamentals of priority and principles of its application. Forms of showing respect. Welcome - the rules and exceptions. Titles in the academic environment.Personal and business procedures.Preferred - rules and exceptions. Wishes and congratulations.Faux pas. • Communication etiquette. Standards of good behavior in interpersonal communication. Non-verbal communication. Telephone conversation label. Culture of correspondence.Network. Elegance of public speaking. • The importance of clothing in creating a positive image. Savoir vivre a choice of dress. General dress rules. Clothing accessories. Fashion and extravagance. The most frequent weaknesses in the selection of individual elements of the outfit The right outer appearance as part of the positive image.						
Analytical chemistry	K_W06, K_U03, K_U08, K_U20					
 Classification of analytical chemistry, scale, accuracy and precision of a method. Analytical errors, statistical evaluation of results. General scheme of quantitative analysis. Classification and characteristics of methods of chemical analysis. Theoretical basis of volumetric analysis. Alkacymetric. Reductometry and oxidimetry. Complexometry. Precipitation analysis, effects accompanying solid product separation. Chemical calculations and analyses in the field of volumetric and gravimetric methods. Alkacymetric: determination of Fe(II) in Mohr's salt, determination of Cu(II) concentration. Complexometry: determination of Ca(II) or Mg(II) ionic concentrations. Precipitation analysis: determination of Cl- ions concentration. Chemical calculations in the field of volumetric analysis and gravimetric methods. 						
Chemical reactors	K_W03, K_W05, K_W07, K_U05, K_U06, K_U20, K_K01					
• Kinetics of chemical reactions. Reaction rate vs. concentration and ten reactors - material balance. Periodic reactor. Methods of analysis of kir stirred tank reactor. Cascade of reactors. Plug-flow reactor. Semi-contin simple reactions. Comparison of reactors for complex reactions.	nperature. Calculating the composition of the reaction mixture. • Chemical hetic data. Simple and complex reactions in a batch reactor. • Continous ous reactor. Plug-flow with recycling of flux. • Comparison of reactors for					
Chemical technology	K_W06, K_W07, K_W08, K_U06, K_U08, K_U10, K_U20, K_K01					
 Introduction. Principles of Green Chemistry. Current trends in chemic reproducible, minerals and fossil. Processing of the basic renewable raw Processing of natural gas. Syngas and their utilization in fuel produ Selected processes of the large scale industrial synthesis of organic che ethylene glycol and others. Conductiong of the six activities from the dibutyl phthalate, Processing of raw materials: sugar from sugar bee cellulose wadding, essential oils. Caustification of soda. Phosphoric Preparation of soda ash Sulfur from sulfur ore 	al technology. • Raw materials for chemical and petrochemical industry - materials. • Selected inorganic chemical processes. • Processing of coal. ction. • Processing of oil. Production of fuels, olefins and aromatics. • emicals. Production of methanol, vinyl chloride, styrene, terephthalic acid, group: Synthesis of cyclohexanone oxime and caprolactam, adipic acid, t, biodiesel from vegetable oil, furfural from bran, starch from potatos, acid extraction from ore. Isolation of potassium chloride from sylvinite					
Computer engineering graphics (CAD)	K_W08, K_U02, K_U07, K_U20					
Technical letter • Rectangular projections, axonometric views, views and sections. • Technical charts. • Rules for dimensioning. • Tolerance of dimensions, shape and position. • Determination of surface roughness. • Connections of the machines: separable and inseparable. • Assembly drawings. • Standardized graphical symbols and devices used in the processes of chemical technology. • Preliminary information, start AutoCAD and basic settings. • Creating a drawing template and drawing styles. • Exercises for features and commands of AutoCAD. • Examples of application AutoCAD specific functions. • Constraints - parametric drawing in AutoCAD • Creating technical drawings - projection and dimensioning of a complex geometric solids. • Drawing preparation and printing from the layout level. • Making production and assembly drawings of machines parts. • Reading the technical documentation.						
Computer Flow Dynamics (CFD)	K_W08, K_U02, K_U03, K_U20, K_K01					
Work in sketchpad mod. 2D modeling. Simplifying and repairing of gec software. Kinds of calculation meshes. Meshing algorithms. Control c analysis. • Basics of Fluent Software. Determination of flow model. interpretation of results.	metry. Parametrization of geometry. • Mesh generation in Ansys Meshing of quality and size of mesh. Methodology of mesh generation for CFD Determination of boundary conditions. Solver options. • Analysis and					
Computer science	K_W08, K_U02					
• Operating system Windows XP. Computer networks. Electronic mail. Internet basics. Searching for information on the Internet. Discussion groups. Internet aided education. • Microsoft Office package: Word, Excel, PowerPoint. Development of laboratory data. • Chemical structure editors. • Elaboration of a web page. • Definitions of basic concepts: the algorithm, computer program, computer system, informatic system, the operating system. The main components of a computer and their functions. Multiprocessor computer. • Operating systems and their types.						

Computer programs, utilities and tools. MS-Office programs: Word, Exc networks (Internet, Intranet). Telecommunications systems. Websites Representation formalisms of algorithms: data flow diagram, program f coding, testing, documentation. • The basic elements of the configuratio in C++. Declaration of variables and implementation section of the statements in C++. Static and dynamic variables. Computer memor procedures and functions. Program testing according to principles of sol	cel, PowerPoint. • Computer viruses, protection and prevention. Computer s construction. Legal, ethical and social issues of computer science. • low diagram. Computer program development cycle: specification, design, no f software environment and compiler for C++. Construction of programs unit. Data types defined in C++. The concept of object. • Main control y management. Programming of branches and loops. The definition of ftware engineering			
Diffusion separation processes	K_W03, K_W05, K_U01, K_U05, K_U06, K_U08, K_U20, K_K01			
 Absorption. Characteristics of the process. The equilibrium of gas - lid mass exchanger high calculation.Hydrodynamic diameter of the apparativo- two-and multi-component systems. Simple distillation. Steam distillation sheets, operating lines, minimum and maximum reflux, determination Rectification of multicomponent mixtures. Design issues: the selection efficiency, mass transfer coefficients, packed columns. Extraction in equilibrium, partition coefficient, the selectivity of the solvent, the drip process. Multi-stage extraction. Determination of the minimum, maxim and their efficiency. Extraction column ternary systems : computing the related to themes presented in the lecture. Laboratory: Five laboratory project of the the mass exchanger fluid - fluid system : the rectification The mass and heat transfer in drying processes. Ways of carrying of issues presented in the lecture. 	quid. The mass balance of the process and the operating line. Methods of atus. Apparatus. Distillation and rectification. Liquid - vapor equilibrium for on. Adjustment of the two-component batch and continuous : the balance of the number of theoretical plates - graphical and analytical methods. of the type of apparatus, the characteristics of the shelves and their liquid - liquid systems. Basics of physico-chemical extraction : solubility mechanism. Calculation of the mass transfer coefficients in the extraction num, and optimal amounts of solvent. Calculating the number of degrees e height and diameter of the column . Apparatus . Topics exercises: closely y exercises related to the topic of the course Projects : Students perform o column and/or absorber. • Drying processes. Thermodynamics of drying. ut the process. Drying apparatus. Topics exercises closely related to the			
Engineering materials	K_W07, K_W08, K_U03, K_U08, K_U10, K_U20, K_K01			
Introduction to materials science • Metallic materials • Ceramic material of elasticity • Yield strength, tensile strength, hardness and ductility • Si cracking as a result of creep • Flammability of construction materials • N materials • Determination of mechanical properties of fiber composites (by casting and characterization of obtained products. Grain size analys ceramic materials. Determination of rheological properties of polymer co	als • Polimeric materials • Composites, properties of composites • Modulus udden cracking, toughness and fatigue of materials • The deformation and lethods of reducing the flammability of construction materials • Selection of (1) and metal composites (2)during static stretching. Preparation of plastics is of powders Water absorption, real and apparent density and porosity of impositions.			
Engineering of powder materials	K_K01			
Definition and classification of powders. Interparticle forces in powde force measurements methods. Comparison of adhesion forces for indi Methods for mechanical properties Industrial processes based on powder	ers: van der Waals, electrostatics and capillary adhesion forces. Adhesion ividual particles. Bulk powders and mechanical properties of powder bed. er properties: mixing, granulation and tableting.			
Engineering of the sustainable industrial procesess	K_W08, K_W10, K_U08, K_U09, K_U10, K_U12, K_U19, K_U20, K_K02, K_K05			
 Introduction to sustainable (environmentally friendly) industrial processes. Thermodynamic basis of sustainable development. Chemical and physical indicators of environmental load. 12 principles of green chemistry. Rules of sustainable industrial process design. Proces intensification. Minimization of thermal energy consumption and raw materials through process integration. 				
Engineering of wastewater treatment processes	K_W08, K_U05, K_U08, K_U20, K_K01			
• Wastewater Characteristics. Wastewater composition. Entert disposition treatment methods. Equalization of composition and flow rate. Screeni Sedimentation tanks. Biological processes - characteristics, kinetics. Ba and nutrients. The reactors used in wastewater treatment plants. Activ processes. Biofilters. Wastewater treatment in natural conditions in the conditions in the aquatic environment. Processes: flotation, filtration, or Nitrification, denitrification, phosphorus removal (chemical, biological), i of wastewater. Disinfection of wastewater. • Laboratory investigations so treatment plant,	ng. Bar racks and screens. The process of sedimentation of wastewater sics of modeling biochemical conversions. Removal of organic compounds vated sludge method. Technological and technical parameters. Models of e soil environment and the use of plants. Wastewater treatment in natural oalescence, neutralization, adsorption, coagulation, oxidation, disinfection. ntegrated removal of the C, N and P. Methods for the anaerobic treatment elected wastewater treatment processes. • Project of municipal wastewater			
Engineering project	K_W07, K_U01, K_U03, K_U17, K_U19, K_U20, K_K01, K_K02, K_K03			
Getting to know the professional literature on the subject • Experim related to the use of research tools that are appropriate to the studied a a written report. • Discussing how to prepare a multimedia present Discussions after the multimedia presentation of the results of own rese	nental measurements, the creation of a computer program or other work rea and educational profile. Development of research results in the form of ation, rules for presenting papers. Presentation of the diploma project. arch presented by students.			
Engineering thermodynamics	K_W03, K_W06, K_U06, K_U20, K_K01			
 Equations of state of fluids, thermodynamic functions, characteristic cycles. Equations of state for real solutions, thermodynamic functions activity, methods of calculation. Phase equilibrium for systems liquid-liqu 	processes for non-ideal liquids, thermodynamics of cooling and heating for real solutions. Basics of equilibrium in multiphase systems, fugativity, iid, liquid-vapor, liquid-solid.			
Environmental engineering	K_W08, K_W10, K_U08, K_U12, K_U19, K_K02			
• Fundamentals of ecology. The environment as a system. Cycles environment and their biological impact. • Pollution- classification, tran hydrosphere and lithosphere (air, water and soil). Control and mor engineering in removing pollutants from flue gases and natural gas and of solid impurities . Groundwater and their protection. • Industrial has assessment and industrial risks . Safety management systems and the .Waste, division and classification of waste. Waste management. Hazar flora and fauna level. • Genetically modified organisms (GMOs). Bioethic	of oxygen, CO2, and N2 in nature. Chemical toxic substances in the sformation, the impact on the environment. Risks relating to atmosphere, nitoring systems for the industrial environment. • Methods of chemical sewage. Biological methods of wastewater treatment. Methods of disposal zards - methods of protection and countermeasures. Environmental risk environment. • Energy production as an important environmental risk factor dous waste management. • Environmental monitoring . Bioindication at the cs.			
Fluid dynamics	K_W01, K_W03, K_W08, K_U05, K_U06, K_U20, K_K01			
 Suplementary information from mathematics. Vector operations, Opervolume integrals. Ordinal differential equations, sets of differential equations, method of Laplace transform. Ideal and real fluids, forces actir laws. Fluid kinematics. Analytical methods of fluid kinetic. Continuity e layer. General and differential momentum and mass balances. Navier Theory of turbulence- elements. Elements of rheology. Flow through theorem, method of differential equations. 	erator of gradient, divergence rotation. Integration along curves. Surface, tions, method of integration. Partial differential equations, Furrier method of ng in fluids. Fluid statics, equilibrium conditions, Pascal, Euler, Archimedes equation, Euler equation of motion. Laminar and turbulent flow. Boundary -Stokes equation. Selected analytical solution of Navier-Stokes equation. n porous media. Dimensionless analysis: Rayleigh method, Buckingham			
Fundamentals of chemical technology	K_W03, K_W05, K_W07, K_U01, K_U06, K_U08, K_U20, K_K01			
• Basic definitions. Principles of designing new technologies. Similarit similarity of properties. Calculating methods of the properties of gases a the composition of the reaction mixture. Heat of reaction . • Chemic composition of the reaction mixture.	ty theory and its application. • The properties of gases and liquids. The and liquids. • Chemistry of processes. Stoichiometry of reaction. Calculating cal affinity. Chemical equilibrium concept and problems. The equilibrium			

Fundamentals of heat and mass transfer	K_W03, K_W04, K_W05, K_U04, K_U05, K_U06, K_U19, K_U20, K_K01					
• Energy transport. Steady and unsteady heat conduction. First Fourier low and its application. Differential energy balance, method of solution of energy balance equation. Heat convection, heat transfer, Newton equation, overall heat transfer. Energy transport by radiation. Energy transport by convection and radiation. Basics rules of heat exchanger designing. Mass transport. Steady and unsteady diffusion. First and second Fick law. Maxwell-Stefan equations for multicomponent diffusion. Differential mass balance. Exemplary analytical solution of mass balance equation. Estimation of diffusion coefficients. Mass convection, single-phase, two-phase mass transfer. Basics rules of mass exchanger designing. Theoretical one stage exchanger, multi stage exchanger, exchanger with continuous phase contact. Axial dispersion.						
Fundamentals of programming	K_U02, K_U20					
• Getting to know the C++ programming environment. Creation a sam instructions in C++. • Preparation of the own program project and algorit programming. Running and testing the computer program. Developing o know the C++ programming environment. Creation a sample program to C++. • Preparation of the own program project and algorithm develop. In Running and testing the computer program. Developing of the program to	ple program to acquaint the structures, data types and the main control hm develop. Implementing the program using elements of object-oriented f the program documentation. Acceptation of the student work. • Getting to o acquaint the structures, data types and the main control instructions in nplementing the program using elements of object-oriented programming. locumentation. Acceptation of the student work.					
General and inorganic chemistry	K_W06, K_U03, K_U08, K_U20					
• Concepts and chemical laws. Struture of atom. Periodicity of chemical properties. Ionization energy, electron affinity, electronegativity. Metal and non-metals. Chemical bonds. Covalent bonds. Formal oxidation state. Molecular orbital and valence bond theory. States of matter. Phase transistions. Gas state. Ideal gas state equation. Units of matter. Solid state. Ionic and molecular crystals. Liquids and solutions. Units of concentration. Electrochemical processes and corrosion. Chemical equilibrium. Mass action law. • The basic calculations: fundamental laws. Concentration of solutions: way of expression, conversion of concentration, dilution and mixing of solutions. Stoichiometric calculations based on chemical reaction equation. Elemental and real chemical formula. Yield of reaction. Oxidation and reduction reactions. Gas laws. Reaction dissociation. Strong and weak electrolytes. 3. Acids and bases. Ampholytes. Buffer solutions. 4. Thermochemistry and thermodynamics.5. Inorganic compounds, classification and terminology 6-9. Properties of elements. Inorganic compounds, preparation methods end properties. Main group metals (1, 2, 13). Elements of group 14-18. 10. D-block elements. Crystal field theory. Spectroscopic and magnetic properties. Activity and activity coefficient, ionic strength, ionic product of water, pH. 2. Dissociation constant and degree. 3. Buffer solutions. 4. Hydrolysis, the hydrolysis constant and degree. 5. Solubility product. • 1. Basic laboratory operations and equipment. Synthesis of inorganic compounds. 2. Classification of inorganic compounds. 3. Types of chemical reactions. 4. Solutions: preparation and concentration of inorganic compounds. 3. Types of chemical reactions. 4. Solutions: preparation and concentration calculations. 5. electrolytics enversion of concentration and concentration calculations. 5. electrolytes – electrolytic degree and constant, pH, alkacymetric indicators. 6. Buffer solutions. 7. Inorganic complexes. 8. Hydrolysis constant and degree. 9. Propertical en						
Heat transfer equipment design	K_W03, K_W04, K_W05, K_U04, K_U05, K_U06, K_U08, K_U20, K_K01					
Heat exchangers: principles of operating, construction of exchange countercurrent and cross-flow exchangers, wall temperature, calcul evaporation in industry, energetic and mass balances, multistage eva exchangers rusing simulation software ASPEN PLUS. Handling simple	ers, energetic balances, driving force in heat exchangers: co -current, ation of area of heat transfer. Evaporators: evaporation of solutions, poration, temperature loses in multistage evaporators. • Design of heat equipment for heat exchange, determining heat transfer coeffcients					
Industry processes and process apparatus, process intensification	K_W03, K_W04, K_W09, K_U04, K_U05, K_U06, K_U09, K_U20, K_K01					
processes in simple systems: flow parameters; the effect of flow turbule Rotodynamic and positive displacement (piston) pumps. Suction and p and positive displacement (piston) pumps. Gas compressors. Special complex systems. Dispersed phase characteristics. Comminution of solid pneumatic conveying. • Introduction to mechanical phase separation, sedimentation, filtration, flotation, filtration and centrifuge separation, centrifugal separators, dust separators. • Mixing of liquids. Power consu assessment of construction functionality and process adequatelity of exchangers, evaporators, crystallizers, distillation units and rectification assessment for product, equipment and industrial installation	no on efficiency and cost of processes. • Transport of liquids and gases. numping heights. Pumps characteristics. Pumps systems. • Rotodynamic pumps and compressors. Vacuum pumps. • Introduction to fluid flow in Is and apparatus. Phase contacting methods: in fixed bed, fluidization and methods: drag force and falling velocity. • Phase separation methods: dust removal. Thickeners for preconcentration, classifiers, filters and mption. Stirrers and mixing vessels. • Intensification of unit operations and the basic equipment and apparatus types for chemical industry: heat n towers, absorbers and adsorbers, extractors and dryers. • Life cycle					
Instrumental analysis	K_W06, K_U03, K_U08, K_U20					
• The role and tasks of instrumental analysis in industrial processes. Samples acquisition, storage and preparation for analysis. Classification of instrumental methods. Calibration and calibration plots. Errors of analysis, classification, source and minimization of errors. Optical methods. Polarimetry. Quantitative analysis of elements and compounds using spectroscopic methods. Atomic Emission Spectroscopy - theoretical principles, excitation sources, apparatus, ICP-AES and GDL-AES spectrometers. Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy (AAS) principles and applications. Absorption spectroscopy in UV/VIS. IR absorption spectroscopy - application in quantitative and qualitative analysis of organic compounds. Interpretation and analytical application of mass spectra. Chromatographic methods - definition and classification. Chromatography theories and their use in practice. Gas chromatography - influence of chromatographic conditions on separation process and analytical performance. Practical applications. High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC). Apparatus and separation techniques: gradient elution and separation parameters. HPLC applications Electroanalytical methods. Potentiometry - principles of operation and applications of chosen ion-selective electrodes (ISE). Voltammetric methods - the main techniques. Selected applications of voltammetric methods. Hyphenated methods. Criteria of choice of the analytical methods. • Determination and application. Complementarity of instrumental methods. Hyphenated methods. Criteria of choice of the analytical methods. • Determination of elements using absorption spectroscopy in UV/VIS. Analysis of mixtures of organic compounds with application of the many site of operation and application of chose of the analytical methods. • Determination and instrumentation absorption spectroscopy in the observer of chromatography influence of the analytical methods. • Determination of elements by using the atomic absorption spectrometry (AAS). Determination of organic compounds using ab						
Introduction to materials science	K_W03, K_W08, K_U01, K_U20					
Lecture: Introduction, definition of material, classification of materials in terms of arrangement, -crystals and glasses. The basic terms of crystallography: (space lattice, crystal axis, unit cell, space points, lines and planes). Miller indices of planes, directions in a crystal lattice. Crystallographic systems. Fourteen Bravais. Atom radius and ion radius. Coordination numbers and figures. Symmetry of crystals. Elements of group theory. Classification of crystals in terms of chemical bonding (ionic crystals, covalent crystals, metal crystals, molecular crystals). The most important structures of elements and chemical compounds. Real crystals. Monocrystals and polycrystals • Bravais lattice. Crystal lattice nodes. Symbols of lattice directions and symbols of lattice planes in crystals. Belt of planes. Symmetry in crystals and combination of symmetry. • Classification of crystal structure on the material properties. • Dense structure pose. Octahedral and tetrahedral gaps. The main crystal structures of elements and chemical compounds. Allotropy and polymorphism • Real crystals. Point defects, dislocations, plane defects. Single crystals and polycrystals. Grain boundary. • Classes: Symbols of lattice points, lattice planes is of lattice planes. Volume and crystal structures of dense spacing. Real crystals and polycrystals. Point defects, dislocations, plane defects. Single crystals and polycrystals. Grain boundary. • Classes: Symbols of lattice points, lattice directions and lattice planes. Volume and crystal symmetry. Work if Vide i						
crystallography: (space lattice, crystal axis, unit cell, space points, lir Crystallographic systems. Fourteen Bravais. Atom radius and ion radiu group theory. Classification of crystals in terms of chemical bonding (ion important structures of elements and chemical compounds. Real crysts Symbols of lattice directions and symbols of lattice planes in crystals Classification of crystals in terms of chemical bonding (ionic crystals, chemical bonding and crystal structure on the material properties. • D structures of elements and chemical compounds. Allotropy and polymoc crystals and polycrystals. Grain boundary. • .Classes: Symbols of lattice density of an unit cell. Atom radius and ion radius. Elements of crystal sy Machines theory and technical mechanics	Is in terms of arrangement, -crystals and glasses. The basic terms of les and planes). Miller indices of planes, directions in a crystal lattice. s. Coordination numbers and figures. Symmetry of crystals. Elements of crystals, covalent crystals, metal crystals, molecular crystals). The most las. Monocrystals and polycrystals • Bravais lattice. Crystal lattice nodes. belt of planes. Symmetry in crystals and combination of symmetry. • covalent crystals, metal crystals, molecular crystals). The influence of ense structure pose. Octahedral and tetrahedral gaps. The main crystal rephism • Real crystals. Point defects, dislocations, plane defects. Single points, lattice directions and lattice planes. Volume and crystallographic mmetry. Structures of dense spacing. Real crystals.					

• Basic terms and concepts of mechanics. • Flat, convergent arrangement of forces. • Moment of force. • Reduction and equilibrium of planar systems forces converging and arbitrary. • The sliding and rolling friction. • The center of gravity. • The moment of inertia. • Basic terms and concepts of the strength of materials. • Mechanical properties of construction materials. • Basic cases of stress: compressive, tensile, shear, torsion, bending, buckling, complex strength. • Plane trusses • General rules of designing and construction of chemical apparatus • Standards and standardization, law regulations by Polish Office of Technical Inspection (UDT) • Basic constructive materials used in construction of chemical apparatus: steels and iron-base alloys, other metallic materials, plastics, glass and ceramics, wood. Criteria and rules of constructive material selection. • Machines review and basic machine parts of general purpose: joints, shafts and axles, bearings, couplings, brakes, gears and drives together with their calculation and selection rules • Basic chemical apparatus parts: bodies (shells), heads, connector pipes, openings, vessel accessories, pipelines and their parts, seals and valves together with their calculation and selection rules

Mathematics

K_W01, K_U20

· Elements of mathematical logic and set theory. Basic properties functions of one real variable, polynomials, Horner's scheme, rational functions and other elementary functions, arc functions. • Sequences of numbers: monotonicity and boundedness of sequences, limit of a sequence theorems about existence of a limit, Napierian base and its applications. Series of numbers: properties of series of numbers, tests for convergence of series, tests for divergence of series. Limit and continuity of function of real variable: definitions of limit, counting properties of limits of functions notion of continuity of a function. Asymptotes of a function. • Differential calculus of function of one real variable: notion of derivative of function derivatives of higher order, derivatives of basic elementary functions, derivative of composite function, De l'Hospital's theorem, mean value theorems, investigation of monotonicity and determination of extrema of functions, convex and concave functions, points of inflexion of graph of function, investigation of the behavior and systematic procedure in graphing of function. • Integral calculus of function of one real variable: notions of primitive function and indefinite integral, integration by parts and by substitution, integration of rational functions, integration of irrational functions, integration of trigonometric functions. Notion of definite integral, applications of definite integrals, improper integrals. • The set of complex numbers: canonical and polar form of a complex number, de Moivre's formula, calculation of power and root of complex numbers. Matrices: definition, operations on matrixes and its properties, square matrices, determinant and its properties, inverse matrix, rank of a matrix. Systems of linear equations: Kronecker-Capelli's theorem, Cramer's systems. • Ordinary differential equations: notions of general solution and particular solution, initial-value problem, ordinary differential equations of first-order (about separable variables, linear, homogeneous respect to x and y, linear), ordinary differential equations of second-order reducible to equations of first-order, linear equations. • Elements of calculus of vectors and analytic geometry: vectors, operations on vectors and its properties, scalar product of vectors and its properties, vector product and triple scalar product of vectors, equations of a plane and of a straight line in the space. • Basic properties of function of several variables: limit and continuity of functions of several variables, partial derivatives, extrema of functions of several variables. Elements of field theory: scalar and vector fields, gradient, divergence, rotation, potential of vector field. Double and triple integrals - basic concepts. • Relationship of systems of first order differential equations with scalar differential equations of the n-th order. General methods of solving systems of ordinary first order differential equations. Method of elimination, method of first integrals. • Systems of linear first order differential equations. Methods of solving first-order linear differential equations with fixed coefficients and the method of constituting solids for solving non-homogeneous linear systems. • Initial and boundary problems for partial differential equations. Linear and quasi-linear partial differential equations of the first order. • Fourier series. Trigonometric series. Extension in the Fourier series. Convergence conditions of the Fourier series. • The canonical form of the differential partial differential equation of the second order. Fourier method of solving differential differential equations.

Metrology and industrial measurements

K_W08, K_W09, K_U14, K_U20

Basic concepts of law and industrial metrology. Historical outline. International System of Units. Standards of physical quantities. • Defining of the measurand and mathematical model of measurement result. Direc and indirect measurement method. Validation of the measurement method. • Basic measurement equipment: digital multimeter, sensor, transducer, meter. Metrological properties of the measurement equipment. Basics of operation of measurement instruments and performing of correct measurements. • Essential concepts of measurement result: accuracy, error, uncertainty, trueness, precision, repeatability, reproducibility. • Indicated value, measured value, measurement error, instrumental error, measurement method error, correction factor. Uncertainty of measurement result. • Ways of declaration of accuracy of measurement equipment. Static characteristic, non-linearity. Relative and absolute maximum permissible error of indication. • Estimation of standard uncertainty with method type A and method type B. Calculation of combined uncertainty and expanded uncertainty. • Verification, calibration, legalisation and adjustment of measurement equipment. Analysis of the manufacturing process capability. Process quality indexes and measurement equipment capability indexes. • Types and specifity of casual, cognitive and verification measurement. Using of the physical quantity standard and the certificate or calibration during measurement. Industrial measurements of temperature, pressure, flow and level. • Notation and interpretation of measurement result. Traceability of the measurement result. Quality, reliability and applicability of performed measurement.

Organic chemistry

K_W06, K_U03, K_U08, K_U20

 Structure and isomerism of organic compounds. Efects of electronic displacements versus explanation of properties of organic compounds. Classification of organic compounds. Basis of chemical nomenclature.
 Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons (alkene, alkadiene and alkyne). Aromatic hydrocarbons – derivatives of benzene. Halogen derivatives of hydrocarbons. Alcohols, phenols and ethers. Aldehyde and ketones. Mono- and policarboxylic acids. Halo-, hydroxy- and oxoacid.
 Derivatives of carboxylic acid (halogens, anhydrides, amides). Esters (soap, fats, ester condensation). Nitro compounds and amines. Azo- and diazocompounds, isocyanates. Aminoacids, peptides, proteins. Carbohydrates. Polymers.
 Synthesis, separation and purification of some organic compounds and determination of basic physical properties.

Packages of application software

Application of MS Excel to discretize functions, create simple and advanced plot charts, perform array operations, simple statistical analysis, operations with macros and to solve chemical problems and model simple chemical processes using solver tool.
 Application of Origin Lab software to prepare professional 2D and 3D charts, to perform statistical processing of experimental data, to estimate parameters for equation describing experimental data, to perform differentiation and integration of discrete functions
 Application of Matlab and/or Maple programs for arithmetic calculations, algebraic transformations, solution of linear and nonlinear equations, inequalities and systems of equations, symbolic and numerical function integration and differentiation, matrix algebra, solving differential equations, graphing functions of one and two variables. Introduction to Programming in Matlab and/or Maple. Creation of simple programs for solving selected mathematical problems.
 Application of ChemSketch software to create and edit chemical structures

Parametric designing in Autodesk Inventor

K_W08, K_U02, K_U03, K_U20

K_W08, K_U02, K_U03, K_U20

• Autodesk Inventor interface • Parametric drawing of figures on the plane - use of geometric and dimensional constraints • Different drawing methods for obtaining the same solid model • Detecting and correction of mistakes • Tools for creating and modifying 3D elements • Construction elements • Saving the components of the designed unit • Unit assembly of parts - defining degrees of freedom, unit constraints and movement • Using the base of ready-made elements • Creating two-dimensional documentation • Individual design of chemical equipment element • Autodesk Inventor interface • Parametric drawing of figures on the plane - use of geometric and dimensional constraints • Different drawing methods for obtaining the same solid model • Detecting and correction of errors • Tools for creating and modifying 3D elements • Construction elements • Determining the properties of subassembly • Saving the components of the designed unit • Unit assembly of parts - defining degrees of freedom, unit constraints and movement • Using the base of ready-made elements • Creating two-dimensional documentation • Individual design of chemical equipment element • Autodesk Inventor interface • Parametric drawing of figures on the plane - use of geometric and dimensional constraints • Different drawing methods for obtaining the same solid model • Detecting and correction of errors • Tools for creating and modifying 3D elements • Construction elements • Determining the properties of subassembly • Saving the components of the designed unit • Unit assembly of parts - defining degrees of freedom, unit constraints and movement • Using the base of ready-made elements • Creating two-dimensional documentation • Individual design of chemical equipment element

Physical chemistry

K_W06, K_U03, K_U08, K_U20

• The theory of perfect gases. Equations of state. Dalton's law and Amagat's law. The theories of real gases. The kinetic theory of perfect gases. Chemical thermodynamics. System. Surroundings. Work. Heat. Cyclic processes. Reversible processes. Isothermal reversible expansion of a gas. The first law of thermodynamics. Internal energy. Enthalpy. Heat capacity of gases, liquids and solids. Thermochemistry. Enthalpy of formation of compounds. Heat of solubility. Bond energy. The temperature dependence of reaction rate on temperature. The second and the third law of thermodynamics. Spontaneous transformations. Carnot cycle. Entropy. Entropy changes in reversible and irreversible processes. Entropy of mixing. Gibbs energy. Helmholtz energy. Differentials and derivatives of thermodynamic functions. The influence of pressure and temperature on free energy. Thermodynamic criteria of spontaneity of processes. Partial molar quantities. Chemical potential. Interatomic and intermolecular interactions. Viscosity and surface tension of liquids. Phase equilibria and diagrams. Three-component systems. Phase rule. Clapeyron equation. Clausius-Clapeyron equation. Vapor pressures over ideal solutions. Vapor pressures over real solutions. Solubilities of gases and liquids.

Thermodynamics of ideal solutions. Activity. Activity coefficient. Boiling temperature - composition diagrams of two-component solutions. Azeotropes. Colligative properties. Diffusion equations. Viscosities of liquids and gases. Colloidal systems and surfactants. Physicochemical properties of colloids. Chemical equilibrium. A thermodynamic equilibrium constant. Chemical equilibrium in gas phase. Gibbs energy function The influence of pressure and temperature on chemical equilibrium. • Physicochemical calculations connected with theory of perfect and real gases, chemical thermodynamics, phase equilibrium, colligative properties of solutions. • Chemical kinetics. The rate and the order of reaction. Zero, first, second, third and fraction order reactions. Determination of reaction order and rate constant. Dependence of reaction rate and reaction rate constant on temperature. Arrhenius theory and transition state theory. Kinetics of complex reaction. Kinetics of enzymatic reaction. Basics of katalysis. Gibbs-Duhem equation. Gibbs adsorption equation. Adsorption. Adsorption theories. Langmuir, Freundlich and BET equation. Surface catalytic activity. Electrolyte solutions. Debye-Hückel theory. Activity of electrolyte solutions. Specific and molar conductance of strong and weak electrolytes. Transport numbers. Ionic mobility. Thermodynamics of electrolyte solutions. Electrochemistry. Semicells and electrochemical cells. Conventions. Electrode potential. Chemical reactions in semicells. Nernst equation. Electromotive force of electrochemical cells. Thermodynamics of electrochemical cell. Physicochemical aplications of electrochemical measurements. Batteries and fuel cells. Theoretical basics of molecular spectroscopy. Symmetry elements. • Physicochemical calculations connected with chemical equillibrium, chemical kinetics of simple, complex and enzymatic reactions, theory of electrolyte solutions, ionic conductance and electrodics. • Determination of evaporation enthalpy of a high-boiling liquid. Determination of phase equilibrium in three - component system. Determination of boiling temperature – composition diagram for chloroform acetone system. Determination of reaction order and rate. Determination of thermical activation of a chemical reaction. Determination of distribution coefficient. Determination of surface tension of liquids. Determination of adsorption isotherm. Determination of limiting molar conductivity of electrolyte solution. Determination of ΔG , ΔH and ΔS of chemical reaction.

Physical Education

K_U18, K_U19

Acquainting with the rules of participation in classes and the conditions for obtaining a pass. Discussion of the principles of safe use of sports facilities and equipment and safety rules in force during the course.
 Implementation of various sets of warm-up exercises and exercises focused on developing the student's basic motor skills.
 Shaping general physical fitness, motor coordination, endurance, flexibility, speed through individual selection of sports activities (eg: football, volleyball, basketball, table tennis) or recreational physical activity (eg: badminton, gym exercises).
 Physical fitness test: Multistage 20 m Shuttle Run (Beep test).
 Acquainting with the rules of participation in classes and credit conditions. Discussion of swimming pool conditions and safety rules applicable during exercise in the aquatic environment.
 Initial adaptation to the aquatic environment: - face dipping, eye opening and orientation under the surface of the water, - mastery of breathing in the aquatic environment, familiarization with the buoyancy of water, - control of lying on the breast and back, - plays and games in water. Warm-up exercises, preparing for exercises in water. Learning how to behave in water in difficult and unusual situations: choking, shrinkage, sinking, etc.
 Learning backstroke style: lying on the back, slipping, correct leg work with a board on the hips and without a board, proper work of the arms. Improvement of proper coordination of lower and upper limbs. Learning free style: slipping on the chest, proper leg work combined with breathion, exercise with a board and without a board. Learning the proper work of the arms (swimming with a proper breath and exhaltion). Learning how to coordinate the work of lower and upper limbs with the determination of proper breathing. Learning breaststroke style: proper work of legs with a board and without boards on the chest and on the back, correct work of arms in a classi

• Measurements and physical units. Dimensional analysis. Functions of one and several variables. Scalars and vectors. Derivatives in physics. Coordinate Systems. • Motion along a straight Line, Motion in two or three dimensions, kinematics of rotational motion. Newton's laws of motion, Applying Newton's laws Work, power and energy, Potential energy. Conservative forces Momentum, Impulse, and Collisions Dynamics of Rotational Motion, Rotation of Rigid Bodies • Periodic motion, differential equations and complex numbers in physics, resonance. Mechanical waves, wave phenomena, acoustics: sound and hearing • Fluid Mechanics, Introduction to thermodynamiscs: temperature and heat, Thermal properties of matter, Laws of thermodynamics, entropy • Introduction to physical laboratory classes. The uncertainty of the measurements. • Introduction to electromagnetism: Electric charge and electric field, Gauss's law, Work and electric potential. Capacitance and Dielectrics. Conductors, electric current, resistance, circuits and Electromotive force . Magnetic field. The Lorentz force. A electric charge and current-carrying wire in magnetic field. The magnetic field induced by current flow. Hall effect, Cyclotron, mass spectrometer. The phenomenon of magnetic induction. • Electromagnetic waves: dispersion, Interference, diffraction, polarization. Application of optics. • Introduction to modern physics and quantum mechanics, wave-particle duality of light and matter, probability and uncertainty principle Schrodinger equation, free particle, particle in potential well, stationary states, atomic structure, condensed matter Introduction to nuclear physics, nuclear reactions, nuclear power, stability and radioactivity, biological effects of radiation

Polymer chemistry and technology

K_W06, K_W07, K_W08, K_U01, K_U03, K_U06, K_U08, K_U10, K_U12, K_U18, K_U19, K_U20, K_K01

Introductory remarks; classification of polymers according to Carothers and Flory; examples of polymer types; nomenclature • Historical outline of polymer industry and the polymers produced in the largest quantity. • Thermodynamic and kinetic conditions of polymerization processes. Structure of macromolecules vs. physical properties of polymers • Condensation polymers. Mechanism of polymerization. Main types of commercial condensation polymers • Radical polymerization. Large scale polymers produced by radical polymerization. • Ionic polymerization of unsaturated monomers • Copolymerization. Copolymers produced on industrial scale • Oxirane polymerization. Commercial polymers produced by ring-opening oxirane polymerization. • Polymer tacticity. Coordination polymerization. Polyolefins • Reactions on polymers. Chemical modification of polymers • Native polymers. Biopolymers • Synthesis of selected groups of polymers • Modification of polymers. Identification of main groups of polymers

Process design	K_W03, K_W05, K_U02, K_U03, K_U05, K_U09, K_U20, K_K01				
 Introduction to methods of designing integrated systems technology. and calculations organization. Basic rules for the selection of thermod processes (flow of information, analysis of degrees of freedom, the mc computation, useful options - design specifications, sensitivity analysis Selection rules and parameters of the processes, apparatuses, the sele- the base. The calculation of chemical reactions and reactors. Calculatic chemical technology. Hierarchical method, an example application. Ba phases. • Design Heuristics. The calculation of basic unit operation distillation, absorption). • Systems design process - the base, the scope criteria the technological system, basic system design strategies. Calcul operations of fluid transport (pumps, compressor, expander, valves). • T apparatus. • Optimization calculations of the distillation columns. 	Characteristics of simulation software and simulation strategy. Definitions ynamic models. • Introduction to simulation calculations of technological odels selected processes, classification of simulation methods, numerical s. The calculation of the physicochemical properties of the solutions. • ction of the reactor and the reaction parameters, the separation process - on of the heat exchangers. • Criteria for evaluation of the project - "pure" sics of simultaneous methods. Calculation of separators with two liquid s and analysis of the results (flash calculations, distillation, extractive of the initial project, the organization of the design process, the evaluation ation of pipeline networks and their elements. The calculation of the basic The use of sensitivity analysis as a tool for selection of parameters of the				
Product engineering	K_W03, K_W08, K_U03, K_U05, K_U06, K_U20, K_K01				
For the second and we shall be also also that the state of the state of the second state. Katter and the second state of the shall be stated as in					

• Features and properties of the chemical product. Classification of chemical products. Kotler product concept. Basic principles of product design and development. Identifying customer needs. Reverse transformation and forward transformation in product design. Market power of Porter. Fundamentals of market segmentation. Product positioning. Product design for the environment. Identification of product quality features. Methodology House of Quality in product design. Colloidal products, emulsions, emulsion stability, emulsifier selection. Nanotechnology in product design. Simulation and experimental methods i product design. Solvents design. Designing of building materials. Design of adhesives. Designing of fibrous materials.

 Professional training
 K_U12, K_U14, K_U15, K_U18, K_U19, K_U20, K_K01, K_K02, K_K05

 • Training on safety work and anti fire regulations in plant/company/institution. Extending of knowledge gained on university in practical way. Introducing to work of plant/company/institution and with their internal procedures. Preparation to job in future.

 Renewable sources of energy and energy-saving technologies
 K_W08, K_U06, K_U08, K_U10, K_U12, K_U13, K_U20, K_K01

 · BIOMASS, BIOGAS, BIOPALIWA · Energy potential of biomass. Energetic use of biomass. Biomass combustion, combustion chemistry. Possible scales of the combustion process. Energy crops. Combination of energy crops and sewage treatment plants. Wood and straw as energy · Main sources of biogas capture and management: waste water treatment plants, landfills, and farms. Possible scales of biogas production process. Advantages and disadvantages of biogas energy production. • Characteristics and overview of currently used fuels for internal combustion engines. • The problem of energy self-sufficiency in agriculture. • Synthesis of biofuels. Substrates, products, by-products and waste in the technological process. • Biofuels Act. SOLAR ENERGY - THERMAL USE • use of solar thermal energy • solar collectors - theoretical foundations, construction, design, • Passive Solar Energy Systems, • methods of storing heat energy, • Heat pumps and their use for solar energy. SOLAR ENERGY - PHOTOVOLTAIC USAGE Photovoltaics. Types, Economics. Application. HYDRO POWER ENGINEERING • hydrogen as fuel • hydrogen storage • fuel cells GEOTHERMAL POWER ENGINEERING • characteristics of geothermal sources, • ways of using geothermal energy, • Polish geothermal resources. • geothermal installations operated in Poland WATER ENERGY • large hydro power plants, • small hydropower, • Ocean power plants. WIND POWER • Wind energy characteristics, • overview of wind turbine structures, • development of wind energy in Poland and in the world. RENEWAL OF ENERGY USE • Energy-saving technologies in the chemical, • minimizing energy consumption through process integration, • use of waste heat, • energy auditing of industrial facilities. • Low temperature heat pumps, heat transformers, OTEC NATURAL GAS Natural gas and biogas. Ecological characteristics of natural gas. COMPARISON OF RENEWABLE AND CONVENTIONAL ENERGY Nuclear power (radioactive waste, process economics) The future of Polish power industry. Comparison of traditional and renewable energy sources. Importance of science in the development strategy of Poland. Solar ether and hydrogen power. Power Generation Models Economies of scale. Soft and hard technology. Energy failures. Decentralization of energy sources Scientific and technological information K U01, K U02

• Searching for information on the most abstracts and bibliographic important publishing houses (Chemical Abstracts) with the use of index. Search for chemical information in scientific journals available on-line from the Rzeszów University of Technology library.

Selected unit operation

K_W03, K_W05, K_U05, K_U06, K_U08, K_U19, K_U20, K_K01

• Mechanisms of mass transfer. Diffusion equation and its application. The mass balance in the system liquid-solid • Mass transfer for fluid flow around solid particle for small and large values of Reynolds number. Mass transfer and natural convection. • Objectives and methods of the dissolution process. Basic concepts. The kinetics of dissolution. Different methods of dissolution. • Objectives and methods of crystallization. Basic concepts. Phase equilibrium . Mass and heat balance. Special methods of crystallization. • Objectives and methods of membrane processes. The structure and preparation of membranes. Classification of membranes. The driving force and transport resistance. Models of mass transfer processes. • Computing procedures and methods for the typical process of mass transfer

Social competences

K_W10, K_U14, K_U17, K_U19, K_K02, K_K03, K_K05

Social and interpersonal competences as an ability to achieve social and individual goals while maintaining good relations with interaction partners
 Components of social competences
 Competencies determining the effectiveness of behavior in the situation of social exposure
 Strategies for image formation and self-presentation
 Conditions of interpersonal skills and the importance of social competences
 Improving skills and abilities relevant to social competences (assertive, cooperative, social, and social resourcefulness)
 Developing and improving skills and abilities relevant to social competences (mutual understanding and getting to know each other, creating a climate of mutual trust, helping and influencing, solving problems and conflicts)
 Developing and improving skills)
 Developing and improving skills and abilities relevant to social competences (communication skills, assertive skills, skills to strengthen, sustain others, self-expression skills)
 Developing and improving skills and abilities relevant to social competences (communication skills, skills of beneficial self-presentation (especially in professional conditions)

Statistics and results elaboration

K W08, K U02, K U20

• LIMS (Laboratory Information Management System) – selected problems. • Experimental database. Rejection outliers in data. Selective use of data. • Exploratory data analysis of the analytical measurements, descriptive statistics, cross-sectional data, normality tests, statistical graphs. The frequency distribution of a variable. • Statistical hypothesis testing. Parametric and non-parametric tests. • Multiple regression. Study of correlation between variables. • One-way and multiple analysis of variance. Discriminant analysis, factor analysis and principal components analysis. • Fitting the observed variable distribution to a theoretical distribution. • Management of Statistica program data. Parameters of variable distribution. • Study of empirical variable distribution. Statistical inference- nonparametric tests. • Analysis of the relationship between variables: linear and non-linear regression. • Analysis of Variance.

Technical safety and ergonomics

K_W08, K_U12, K_U15, K_K02

• Legislation in the field of labour protection, including the following: the rights and responsibilities of students and staff in the field of safety and liability for violation of safety rules and regulations, liability for accidents, the legislation concerning insurance benefits for safety violation and accidents at work. • Responsibilities of the university in the provision of safe and healthy learning environment: health and safety requirements for school buildings, the requirements for systems and equipment located in the building of the university. • Subject matter and scope of work safety and ergonomics. • Security in terms of the system (security as a management objective, as a legal obligation, a moral norm). • Models of accidents at work (the classic models of accidents, near misses models, modelling human behaviour in emergency situations). • Statistical and behavioural theories of safety. • Ergonomic aspects of the system human – machine – environment. • Assessment of the reliability of the systems i human – machine – environment. • Methods for measuring the burden of dynamic physical labour and static physical labour. • The study of the burden of mental work. • Dangerous and harmful factors connected with work process and working conditions. • Risk assessment in a selected work position. • Ergonomics in the shaping of working conditions (some ergonomic principles and recommendations for the design of the spatial structure of the workplace, indication and control devices, technological processes, objects). • Ergonomic factors in the organization of work. • Ergonomic assessment of machinery and equipment and improving working conditions. • University rules of conduct in case of accidents and emergencies (fire, accident, etc.) pre-medical aid rules in the event of an accident, fire protection (including evacuation).

programme content of elective modules

K_U14, K_U16, K_U20 English (A) • Talking about yourself, famiy, home, likes and dislikes. Question forms. • Talking about important dates and events. Writing formal and informal emails. • Discussing differences between men and women. Expressing opinions. • Describing people. Revision of verb tenses: present and past simple, present and past continuous. • Talking about yourself. Conversation and interviews. • Giving advice on successful interviews. Talking about yourself. • Talking about films. Expressing opinion about films. • Talking about life experiences. Verb tenses: present perfect and past simple • Talking about the media and news. Expressing opinion on conspiracy theories. Matching headlines with explanations. • Talking about stories from the past. Writing a news report. • Talking about lying. Collocations with 'say' and 'tell'. • Tellling a story or anecdote from the past. Listening to people telling anecdotes. • Phrases to describe a good/bad experience. Talking about memorable moments. Writing about one of your happiest memories. • Expressing opinions. Talking about problems of teenagers and their parents. • The future (plans): the present continuous, going to, will, might. Writing messages; learn to use note form. • The future (predictions): will, might, may, could, going to, likely to. Future time markers; idioms Listening to predictions about the future of communication. Talking about how things will change in the future. • Reading a short story about a misunderstanding. Dealing with misunderstandings. Types of misunderstandings; phrases to clarify/ask someone to reformulate • Listening to telephone conversations involving misunderstandings. Learning to reformulate and retell a story about a misunderstanding. Role-playing resolving a misunderstanding. • Reading an article about millionaires. Modals of obligation: must, have to, should. • Discussing the qualities needed for different jobs. Completing a survey and discussing the results. • Reading about childhood dreams. Reading job advertisements. Used to and would. • Listening to two people describing dream jobs gone wrong. Talking about past habits. Writing a covering letter. • Reaching agreement. Business collocations. Phrases to give opinions, • Listening to people making decisions in a meeting. Learning to manage a discussion; Participating in a meeting and creating a business plan. • Office conversation; phrases to describe routines. Describing a day in your life. Reading an article about how technology changed the world. Comparatives and superlatives. Vocabulary: technology. • Discussing how technology has changed the world. Talking about different types of transport and their uses. Writing an advantages versus disadvantages essay. Talking about future hopes and plans. Grammar: Future Perfect, Future Continuous. • Listening to people answering difficult general knowledge questions. Doing a short general knowledge questionnaire; answering questions on your area of expertise. • Polite requests. Problems and solutions. • Listening to conversations about technical problems. Learning to respond to requests. Role-playing asking and responding to requests. • Reading about basic emotions. Zero and first conditionals. -ing versus -ed adjectives; multi-word verbs with on, off, up and down • Listening to a radio programme about therapies. Talking about your emotions. Discussing what advice to give people in a variety of situations. • Second conditional. Verb-noun collocations • Discussing what you would do in different hypothetical situations. Writing a letter of advice. • Giving good and bad news. Life events. • Listening to conversations where people receive news. Learning to introduce and respond to new. Role-playing giving someone news • Phrases to describe a good/bad experience. Talk about memorable moments. Writing about one of your happiest memories. • Reading a short introduction to The Secret of Success. Present perfect simple versus continuous. • Present and past modals of ability. Reading a biographical text about the memory men. • Listening to a three-way conversation about memory. Talking about your abilities. Writing a summary. • Clarifying opinions. Reading a story about qualifications. • Listening to a discussion about intelligence. Learning to refer to what you said earlier. Choosing the right candidate for the job. Giving opinions and examples. • Reading a BBC blog about neighbours. Articles. Quantifiers • Describing your neighbourhood and discussing how it could be improved. • Relative clauses. Vocabulary connected with the internet. Reading a website review. • Listening to descriptions of online communities. Comparing real-world and online activities. Writing a website review. • Being a good guest. • Listening to becoriptions of online communities. Comparing real-world and online activities. Learning to accept apologies. Discussing problematic social situations. • Reav

English (B)

K_U14, K_U16, K_U20

Flatmating, family, personality vocabulary, asking questions. Speaking, listening. • Vocabulary used in informal emails. Writing an informal email, checking accuracy • Feelings, gradable and ungradable adjectives, word formation. Reading, speaking, listening, Grammar: Present Perfect • Advertisements. Making polite phone enquires. Reading, listening, speaking, • Writing a summary of a first encounter story • Social issues. Verbs and nouns with the same form. Grammar: Present Perfect • Preventing crime, surveillance. Giving solutions. Grammar: the Passive • Formal written language. Writing a letter of complaint. • Newspaper extracts. Expressing opinions. Opinion adjectives. Reading and speaking, • Discussing behaviour and annoying habits and routines. Grammar: would/used to.Speaking. • Talking about leisure. Writing an opinion essey. Using linkers. • Talking about and annoying habits and routines. Grammar: would/used to.Speaking. • Talking about leisure. Common actions in procedures. Talking about nususal experience. Recommending. Writing a story. • Reading a story. • Sayings. Grammar: Past tenses. • Telling stories. Talking about the worst inventions. Bicycles. Change. Compound nouns. Grammar: matcles. • Discussing dwertising atcics and the influence of advertising. Grammar: condiotionals. • Marketing and advertising. Writing a report. Learning to make written comparisons. • Brainstorming ideas. Adjectives. Suggesting ideas. Showing reservation. • Presenting a new business idea. Writing: a product leaflet. • Talking about the worst inventions. Modal verbs. • Talking about furture self. Using linkers of purpose. • Collocations. Convincing. Asking for clarification. • Collocations. Living longer. Taking and made-up stories. Reading a questionaire. Grammar: reported speech. • Writing a descurite sub- viving a fighter store. • Reading a newspaper article. Broadships and tabloids. Predicting. • Mistakes in press and TV. Re-telling a news story. Writing: a news article. • Reading a newspaper article. Bro

French (A)

K_U14, K_U16, K_U20

Interrogative pronouns (simple and complex inversion). • Trip around Paris; short advertisements - writing. • Describing events with the use of le passé composé tense. • Vocabulary related to describing the past. • Similarities and differences between Polish and French educational systems. Interpreting figures. • Presenting the university and the field of study. • Describing your last holidays - the use of l'imparfait and le passé composé tenses. • Direct object pronouns in various tenses and moods. • Indirect object pronouns in various tenses and moods. • Living in the city and in the country - advantages and disadvantages; comparatives and superlatives. • Real estate ads analysis; le conditionnel présent mood. • Possessive pronouns. • Hypothesizing and giving opinions; impersonal verb forms. • Describing things; the place of an adjective in a sentence. • Relative pronouns. • Vocabulary related to shopping; negotiating the price. • House chores; sharing duties with the family members. • Favourite dish - preparing a questionnaire; written comments on its results. • Outfits for various occassions; family celebrations. • "Dont" relative pronoun. • Giving personal opinion. • Means of transport - comparison. • A biography of a famous person; le plus-que –parfait tense. • The role of fashion in people's lives - presenting opinions. • Direct and indirect object pronous COD/COI in the past tense. • The use of past participle with the subject and direct object. • Reported speech - positive sentences. • Car accident - expressing personal opinions. • The "gérondif" mood as a way to express simultaneity, manner, reason. • Entertainment ans free time activities. • Reported questions. • Complex relative pronouns. • Presenting the selected French region. • Active and passive voice. • A film review. • Newspaper article - the use of the passive voice. • Job advertisement, CV, cover letter - documents analysis. • Vocabulary and expressions used in administrative correspondence - writing a cover letter. • A job intervie

French (B)

K_U14, K_U16, K_U20

• Describing and reporting events in the past tense. • Paris - the center of fashion. • Pronouns COD/COI in various tenses. • Modern and dying professions. • A famous fashion designer - presentation. • Demonstrative and possessive substatival pronouns. • Simple and complex relative pronouns. • Jeans - a universal timeless outfit. • Complaints and solving problems, giving advice. • Expressing reason and result. • The "subjonctif" mood - expressing purpose. • Traffic regulations - obligations and prohibitions. • Reported questions. • Choosing profession, justyfiyng. • Expressing the reason. • Living in homeland and abroad, giving arguments. • National symbols of Poland and France. • "Le passé simple - literary tense". • Comparisons - various living styles, the comparative of irregular adjectives. • Real estate market in France and in Poland. • Expressing acquiescence. • Emigration and mobility, expressing opinions. • "Le savoir-vivre" - good manners. • What is proper and improper - similarities and differences concerning Polish and French customs. • Negatives - summary. • Expressing prohibition. • Expressing hypothesis. • Passive voice in a newspaper article. • Climate changes - vocabulary related to ecology. • People's eco-friendly habits. • Plans for the future - time expressions. • Pensioners nowadays and in the past; changes in perceiving elderly people. • Setting up a company - development plans. • Inventions which revolutionized people's lives. • Expressing the favourite character. • Passions in our lives. • Tense concordance in a short story. • Ideal friend; superlatives. • Modern idols. • Presenting the favourite character. • Passions in our lives. • Tense concordance in a short story. • Globalisation, positive and negative consequences. • Verb patterns with an infinitive. • Expressing disagreement towards proposals. • The art of giving arguments in a presentation. • A mobile phone: hell or paradise? • Where does Europe end? - information about the European Union. • Verbs useful for giving arguments. • Ar

Fundamentals of economics

K_W10, K_W12, K_U01, K_U13, K_U20, K_K04

Introduction to Economics (outline of economic thought, the basic concepts, principles and assumptions of microeconomic analysis, the place of economics in the system of social sciences and relationships with other disciplines). Introduction to microeconomics.
 The model of the market economy (institutions, productivity, efficiency, actors, resources and streams in the economic system, market - classifications and functioning).
 Demand (law of demand, exceptions, determinants, elasticity of demand), supply (the law of supply, exceptions, determinants, elasticity of demand), the balance of the market in the short, medium and long term, the impact of regulated prices on the market, model cobwebs.
 Consumer choice (the functioning of households, usability, first and second Gossen law, pension consumer Marshall, the balance of the

consumer). • The rules of the enterprise (introduction to the theory of enterprise, basic definitions, classifications and processes). • The short run and long run production function in the market, economies of scale, choice of optimal technology. • The instruments of cost management in the enterprise, cost function in the long and short term, costs and liquidity. • Perfect competition and monopolistic competition. • Various degrees of competitiveness in the marketplace: monopolies, oligopolies • Introduction to macroeconomics, the basic phenomena and macroeconomic problems. • The development of economic systems, economic growth - measuring and conditions of the product and national income and its determinants, economic conditions (cycles) and the role of investment in the economy, analysis of the situation in Europe and the world. • The importance of the public finance sector, the organization SFP (sub), the impact of fiscal policy on national income, the role of the state in the economy, the budget as a tool for influencing the economy, the issue of budget deficit and public debt, the impact of public support (including EU funds) for the development of entities the national economy, analysis of the situation in Europe. • The development of the monetary system, the role of money in the economy, money in the strict sense and broad sense, the demand for money, the money supply and the mechanisms of its creation, quantitative theory of money, monetary aggregates. • The banking system of the state, the role of the central bank and monetary policy tools of monetary policy, the interbank market and the activities of commercial banks. • The phenomenon of inflation and its effects on social and economic demand and supply-side causes of inflation, the measurement of inflation - inflation, analysis of the situation in Europe, anti-inflation policy. • The labor market, employment policy, the importance of competence and demographic processes, labor market flexibility, unemployment as a problem of economic and social development. • International economic relations, the foreign exchange market, balance of payments, the single market of the European Union and its importance for the development of Member States, including developing countries. The European Union in the global economy.

Fundamentals of management

K_W10, K_W11, K_W12, K_U13, K_U20, K_K04

• Management as an academic discipline • Company and its environment as an object of management • Management features • Conterporary management problems.

German (A)

K_U14, K_U16, K_U20

• Friendship, meetings, people relationships, relations. Declension - type 'n'. • Describing a person, introductions, characteristics of types of behaviour, features of character. • Presenting one's characteristic. Noun formation. • Reder's magazine - class reunions and locating classmates by internet. Working with a text. • Occupation and work, workplace, presenting one's flaws and strengths. • Talking about the past. Past tense (Präteritum) of regular, irregular and mixed nouns. • Report concerning the internship done. Presenting opinions regarding an employee. Conditions and forms of work. Requirements and competences. • Working with a video material. Conducted activities and working conditions. Presenting one's plans and professional plans. • Living conditions, an interview with a real estate agent. Relative pronouns and relative clauses. • Analysis of offers and notices, explaining abbrevations. Adverbials of time. • Living in Germany: informational text, statistics, graphs. • Customer Analysis of others and notices, explaining abdrevations. Adverbias of time - Living in Germany, informational ext, statistics, graphs, - outsioner service, phone conversations. Language reactions based on a given situation. • Oral and written complaint. Sentences with "obwohl" and "trotzdem" • Writing a formal letter with a set of fixed phrases. • Inviting to a company promotional meeting - working with a text. • Computerisation of everyday life. Functions of devices/appliances used nowadays and in the future. • Visions of technological progress of the future. Futur I tense. • Using electronic devices in private and professional life - presentation. • Working with a video material - history and development of an enterprise, features of products and their distribution. • Formal and informal invitation. Conditional conjunction "falls". • Business meeting. Rules of participating in a meal and different professional and social situations. • Holiday plans, expressing wishes and intentions. Verbs: 'sollen'. • Media, Germany's press market. • Characteristics of a given magazine - presentation. • Shopping, slecting products, reacting to suggestions and propositions. Sentences with 'zu' before an infinitive. • Conversation between a client and consultant. Typical expressions. • Conversations between a client and consultant. Using typical professional expressions. Setting up a company and customer acquistion. • Choosing a profession. Determining one's own skills and abilities. Causative clauses. • Social competences and career choice test. Employment profiles. Time clauses with 'bevor' and 'während' conjunctions. • Describing personality and aptitudes, expressing opinions and presenting test results. • Miniproject professional predispositions, weak and strong sides of a candidate, talking with a careers adviser. • Working with a video material - history and development of Hueber publishing house, as well as its products. • Working conditions and concept of an employee-friendly enterprise. Gradation and declension of an adjective. • European Union - employment opportunities in EU countries, its history, as well as inner labour market and main institutions. • Smoking prohibitions in a work place - formulating arguments in favour and against, expressing opinions. Imperative. • Presentation structure, template, typical expressions. • Conditions determining good employment and company's attractiveness. • Wasted chances and opportunities. Unreal clauses in the past. • Reporting experienced failures - a radio audition. Conditional clauses - Konjunktiv II. • Helpline describing a given situation. 'Wäre / hätte' structures + Partizip II. • Describing controversial events - discussion and commentary. • Expressing disappointment and reacting to it - writing an e-mail, working with a text published on a blog. • Everyday situations that make you happy Plusquamperfekt tense. • Expressing emotions - language means. • Summarizing the previous year and positive events. Time clauses with 'nachdem'. • Working with a video material - 'Our piece of happiness'. Family history. Important life areas, experiencing success and satisfaction. Parties, celebrations, events happening in a workplace. • Beginnings of a career. Speed-dating. Employers' expectations. • Comparison of holidays and events. Written invitations for different occassions. • Writing an e-mail and letters - components. Writing invitations.

German(B)

K_U14, K_U16, K_U20

• New communication media. Establishing new contacts: Speed-dating. • Describing one's language skills - working with a video material Declension of an adjective after definite, indefinite and no article. • Media competences, ability to creatively use internet assets in foreign language learning. Time adverbs. • Bisness meetings in a new environment, forms of greeting and introduction. • Strategies of learning language for special purposes. • Private and business meetings. Modal particles. • Planning and organizing official events. • Spoken and written invitations, establishing the date of the meeting. Rektion of the verb. Adverbial pronouns in questions and answers. • Working with a video material - 'Oktoberfest'. Planning and preparation of a presentation. • Business lunch. Quiz about etiquette. • Features of a good presentation. • Preparing product presentation. • Planning a holiday, travel bureau's offers. Assumptions - 'werden + wohl' verbs + infinitive. • Accommodation - hotel rating, opinions on internet sites. Relative sentences, relative pronouns. • Public transport in German speaking countries. • Future vehicles and travels. Future tense 'Futur I'. • Working with a video material - dream travels. • Organizing a conference, choosing a hotel, business mail. • Flat market, different forms of accommodation. Complex nouns. • Living community, student's house. Looking for a flat - advertisements. Time prepositions. • A student room, flat appliances, description of functions of furniture and items of every day use. • Switching flats during holiday. Word order. • Multi generation house. • Office and its equipment, positive rapport. • Living business community, pros and cons. • Presenting a profession - working with a video material. • Ideal work place. Conditionals. • Job advertisements, writing a cv. • Different ways of job searching. Advice and tips for job applicants. Sentences with 'damit' and 'um...zu'. • Job applications, talking about your education and work experience. • Small-talk, expressing opinion about one's job - pros and cons. • Famous composers, a biography note. Negative sentences. • Music genres, music instruments, music bands. • Festivals and concerts in German speaking countries. A schedule of musical events. • Planning a shared evening, inviting to a concert, writing a private email. • 'Rammstein' band - presenting a band. Providing argument support one's choice. Sentences with "denn", "weil", "nämlich" "deshalb". • German rock music - working with a video material. • Creating a presentation about German rock music. • Board games, tele shows, Rules of favourite games. Passive voice. • E-commerce, internet shops. • Psychology of selling, interpreting the behaviour of the customer. Passive voice with modal verbs. • Consumers' typical behaviour during shopping. Identification of different behaviour. • Online shopping discussion - pros and cons. • Vocabulary related to finances. • Acquisition of new skills, upgrading one's qualifications, various course offers and certificates Noun's genitive. • Advanced ways of information searching, remote ways of providing education, education platforms. • Facilities found in a moder language lab. Prepositions of place. • Education system in Germany - a discussion forum. • Technical occupations, handling and description of technical equipment, manuals. Prepositions with dative and accusative. • Malfunctions and technical faults. Imperative. • Complaints - exchaning emails.

Russian (A)

K_U14, K_U16, K_U20

• Healthy diet. • Wedding customs in Poland and Russia. • Family holidays. Sentences with а, и, но, или. • Leisure time. Writing a short play/movie review. • Mass media. Expressing opinion about mass media and their role. • Internet or newspapers. Demonstrative pronouns этот, эта, это, эти, тот, та, то, те. Using пользоваться (чем?) verb. • Disabled are among us. Vocabulary and constructios connected with the topic of disabled. • Popular occupations. Male and female noun forms of different occupations. Negative proniuns никто, ничто, некто, нечто, никогда, некогда, никуда, некуда. • Professional duties. Vocabulary related to activities coonducted in popular jobs. • Job interview. Giving advice concerning job selection and preparation for job interview. • Moscow labour market. Describing pros and cons of certain occupations. Writing a job application. • Working abroad - pros and cons. • Material revision. Talking about the plans after graduation. • Studying in Poland. Names of different universities; popular abbrevations. Vocabulary related to formalities and conditions that have to be met to study. • Studying in Russia. Abbrevations of universities and faculties, Supporting the choice of studies. Writing an email and private letter. • Student life. craть/быть/ работать (кем?)

construction, быть по профессии/по образованию (кем?) construction and несмотря на то,что construction. • Excursions. Describing/planning and narrating excursions. Writing questions regarding holiday offers. • Summer camps. Tourist equipment. Travelling by train. nyth noun. • Tourist office. Writing excursion advertising leaflets. Writing a letter of complaint. • Tourism in Poland. Accommodation base - vocabulary. Describing excusrions and sight-seeing. • Tiurism in Russia. Full meaning of турбюро, турбаза, ж/д abbrevations. заказать, забронировать verbs. • Renting a flat for summer. Vocabulary and constructions used in flat-renting advertisements. снимать, снять, сдать в аренду verbs. • Real estate agency. Describing appearance of rooms and their facilities based on illustrations. • House or flat? Where to live? Subjectless sentences. • Material review. Names of tourist equipment. vocabulary and constructions used when describing a flat. • Writing e-mails. Writing a private letter concerning an unfortunate journey. Vocabulary related to private letters. • Our neighbours. Participles: usage and creation. • Our planet Earth. Describing and proposing different ecological actions. Presenting data concerning biodegredation of different common-use products. • Protect nature. Conducting a survey related to pro-ecological behaviour. Writing an essay about environmental danges. • Natural disasters. Describing climate and weather Vocabulary - natural disasters. • Ecological crisis. Describing climate and weather. Vocabulary - natural disasters. • Cataclisms. Describing activities related to acting in case of cataclisms. Superlative forms. • World of technologies. Talking about scientific inventions and technical novelties. Technical language. • 21st century inventions. Describing information technologies. Describing malfunctions. Vocabulary related to computer and internet. • Technology and us. Naming and describing inventions. Expressing opinions. • We are all equal. Creating utterances about the social roles of men and women. Expressing opinions about partnership. Vocabulary and constructions related to equality and social roles of men and women. • Generation gap. Expressing opinions about generation gap and discussion about the validity of some bans. • Juvenile subcultures. запрещать, запретить verbs. каждый, всякий, любой relative pronouns. • Important dates in our life. Describing dates and events. Complex quantifiers. • Products and services. Reading comprehension. Dialogues concerning malfunctions and repairs of every day objects. Advertisement's effect on a human. Describing activites related to advertisements. Naming and describing services. • E-commerce. Talking about e-commerce. Accusative of plural living and non-living nouns. • War. Expressing opinions about war service and women participation: discussion. Vocabulary related to war service, conflicts and inner and international problems. • Citizen debt. Reading comprehension. Imperatives: Будь я президентом, не было бы такого!. • Social problems. Naming and describing selected social problems and proposing their solutions. Vocabulary related to selected social problems. • Human and society. Conducting a debate abour homelesness and means of fighting it. Time constructions with prepositions: 3a and vepes. • Master and Margaret. Discussing the text. Knowledge about Russia: life and work of Michael Bulhakow. • Slavian mythology. Read comprehension. • Russian painting. Reading comprehension: text about Russian painters. • Russian Federation. Vocabulary related to both the structure, as well as political ststem of Russian Federation. • Russia today. Reading comprehension concerning structure and political system of Russian Federation. • Poland in Europe. Reading comprehension concerning structure and political system of Poland.

Russian (B)

K_U14, K_U16, K_U20

Appearance. • Features of character. • Asking for personal details. Processing and transferring information. • Ethical problems. Personal prononus with or without preposition. • Home products. Present tense. • Real estate, Nouns. • House renovations. Adjectives. • School requirements. Verbs: учить, учиться, изучать. • Systems of educations in Poland and Russia. • School requirements. Prepositions B, Ha. • Occupations. Verbs related to different occupations. • Professional work. Temporary work. Labour market. Present tense. • Our portfolio. Writing a letter of motivation. Writing a CV. Nouns. • Family holidays. Naming holidays. Possesive pronouns. • Family members. Leisure time and reflexive verbs. • People and relationships. Adverbs of place and direction. • Food and its names. • Restaurants. Numerals 1,2,3,4 in junction with nouns and adjectives. • Describing diets. Expressing opinions. Demonstrative pronouns. Imperative. • Services: buying and saling. Verbs: кулить/noxynats. • Bank (types of payment). Main numerals. Nouns: pyбnb. • Products. Adverts entents. Adverbs of level and measurement. • Means of transport in Russia. Interesting places in Russia. • Travelling vocabulary. Naming and describing accommodation. Nouns ending -v# -иe. • Describing excursions and sight-seeing. Expressing opinions. Writing a blog. • Art genres (movies). Cinema genres. • Mass media. Present tenses. • Sport disciplines. Sport venues. • Sport mem. • Curing and healing processes. Prepositions in constructions related to time and direction. • Validitio. Imperative. • Naming basic technical devices. • Catastrophies and natural disasters. Adjectives. • Catastrophies and natural disasters. Adjectives. • Catastrophies and natural disasters. Adjectives. • Catastrophies and natural disasters. • Adjectives. • Catastrophies and maternational organizations. Present tense.

3.2. Processing of polymer materials

3.2.1. Parameters of the study plan

The total number of ECTS credits that a student must obtain in the course of classes conducted with direct participation of academic teachers or other persons conducting classes.	124 ECTS
The total number of ECTS credits allocated to classes related to scientific activity conducted at the university in a given discipline or disciplines to which the course of study is assigned.	118 ECTS
The total number of ECTS credits required to be obtained by a student in the humanities or social sciences for the courses of study assigned to disciplines within the fields of study other than the humanities or social sciences respectively.	5 ECTS
The total number of ECTS credits allocated to elective courses.	63 ECTS
Total number of ECTS credits allocated to work placements, internships (if the study program includes work placements or internships).	4 ECTS
Hours of apprenticeships, internships (if the study program provides for internships or apprenticeships).	160 h.
The total number of ECTS points that a student must obtain as part of a foreign language course.	9 ECTS
Number of hours of physical education classes.	60 h.

Detailed information about:

- 1. the relationship between learning outcomes and modular learning outcomes;
- key learning outcomes in terms of knowledge, skills and social competences, demonstrating their relation to the discipline / disciplines to which the course is assigned;
- 3. the development of learning outcomes at the level of classes or group of classes, in particular related to the scientific activity conducted at the university;
- 4. learning outcomes in terms of knowledge, skills and social competences leading to the acquisition of engineering competences, in the case of study programmes on completion of which the student is awarded a professional title of engineer / Master of Engineering;

can be found in the Module Activity Sheets, available at the following URL: http://krk.prz.edu.pl/plany.pl?Ing=EN&W=C&K=P&TK=html&S=1496&C=2020, which are an integral part of the study programme.

3.2.2. Plan of study

Semester	Org.Unit	name of the subject	Lecture	Class	Laboratory	Project/	Sum	ECTS	Exam	Mand.
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						Seminar	of			
1	ZB	Technical safety and ergonomics	15	0	0	0	15	1	N	
1	CN	General and inorganic chemistry	30	30	0	0	60	6	т	
1	7H	Academic savoir - vivre	10	0	0	0	10	1	N	
1	FF	Physics	30	30	0	0	60	6	т	
1	7M	Social competences	10	15	0	0	25	2	N	
1			10	15	0	0	20	2		
1	FM	Mathematics	30	30	0	0	60	6	1	
1	CI	Machines theory and technical mechanics	30	30	0	0	60	4	N	
1	CM	Introduction to materials science	15	15	0	0	30	2	N	
1	20		30	0	0	0	30	2	N	<u> </u>
Sums for	the seme	ster: 1	200	150	0	0	350	30	3	4
								<u> </u>	-	
2	CN	General and inorganic chemistry	30	15	30	0	75	6	1	
2	FF	Physics	15	15	15	0	45	4	Т	
2	CI	Computer engineering graphics (CAD)	15	0	45	0	60	4	N	
2	FM	Mathematics	30	30	0	0	60	6	Т	
2	CI	Machines theory and technical mechanics	30	0	0	15	45	3	Ν	
2	EM	Metrology and industrial measurements	15	0	15	0	30	2	Ν	
2	CI	Packages of application software	0	0	30	0	30	2	Ν	
2	CB	Computer science	15	0	30	0	45	3	Ν	
Sums for	the seme	ster: 2	150	60	165	15	390	30	3	4
3	CN	Analytical chemistry	15	0	30	0	45	3	Ν	
3	CF	Physical chemistry	30	30	15	0	75	6	Т	
3	CD	Organic chemistry	30	30	30	0	90	7	Т	
3	CB	Scientific and technological information	0	0	2	0	2	0	Ν	
3	DJ	Foreign language	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	FM	Mathematics	15	15	0	0	30	3	Ν	
3	CI	Fluid dynamics	30	30	0	0	60	5	т	
3	СВ	Fundamentals of programming	0	0	30	0	30	2	N	
3	СВ	Statistics and results elaboration	15	0	15	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DL	Physical Education	0	30	0	0	30	0	Ν	
Sums for	the seme	ster: 3	135	165	122	0	422	30	3	2
4	CF	Physical chemistry	30	30	30	0	90	7	Т	
4	DJ	Foreign language	0	30	0	0	30	2	N	
4	CI	Fundamentals of heat and mass transfer	30	30	0	0	60	5	т	-
4	CI	Fundamentals of chemical technology	30	30	0	0	60	5	N	
4	CI	Industry processes and process apparatus, process	30	15	0	0	45	4	N	
	0.	intensification			-	•				
4	CI	Parametric designing in Autodesk Inventor	0	0	20	0	20	2	N	
4		Engineering thermodynamics	30	30	0	0	30	5	I N	
4 Sume for	the some	stor: 1	150	195	50	0	395	30	2	1
Sums for	116 261116	5101. T	150	190	50	U	390	30	э	
5	CE	Instrumental analysis	30	0	30	٥	60	Δ	N	
5	CI	Diffusion separation processes	30	15	0	0	45	5	Т	
5	СК	Elements of rheology in polymer processing	15	0	30	0	45	3	N	
5	D.I	Foreign language	0	30	0	0	30	2	N	
5	CV		20	0	30	0	60	1	т	
5	CI	Computer Flow Dynamics (CFD)	0	0	0	30	30	4 2	N	
5		Industry processes and process apparatus, process	15	15	15	15	60	1	т	
		intensification			13	13	00	+		
5	CI	Heat transfer equipment design	15	0	15	15	45	2	N	
5			30	0	45	0	/5	4	N	
Sums for	the seme	ster: o	165	60	165	60	450	30	3	1
	T		r	1		T	· · · · ·			
6	CS	Polymer chemistry and technology	30	0	30	0	60	4	Т	
6	CI	Diffusion separation processes	15	15	15	15	60	6	Т	
6	DJ	Foreign language	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	-

6	CS	Modern methods of polymer modification	15	0	20	0	35	3	Ν	
6	СМ	Evaluation of the practical properties of polymer materials	15	0	15	0	30	2	Ν	
6	СК	Industrial polymer materials	15	0	0	0	15	1	Ν	
6	CM	Technology of monomers	15	0	15	0	30	2	Ν	
6	СК	Polymer materials processing	30	0	60	15	105	9	Т	
Sums for	Sums for the semester: 6			45	155	30	365	30	4	1
7	CD	Modern polymer technologies	15	0	10	0	25	2	Ν	
7	MK	Fundamentals of CAD / CAE in polymer processing	15	0	30	0	45	4	Ν	
7	CX	Professional training	0	0	0	0	0	4	Ν	
7	СХ	Engineering project	0	0	0	120	120	11	Ν	
7	CI	Process design	15	0	0	30	45	4	Ν	
7	CI	Chemical reactors	30	30	0	0	60	5	Ν	
Sums for the semester: 7		75	30	40	150	295	30	0	0	
TOTALS I	FOR ALL	SEMESTERS:	1010	705	697	255	2667	210	19	13

Note that not being granted credits from the modules marked with a red flag makes it impossible to make an entry for the next semester (even if the total number of ECTS credits is lower than the permissible debt), these are modules continued in the next semester or modules in which failure to achieve all assumed learning outcomes does not allow one to continue studies in the modules included in the next semester's study programme

3.2.3. Elective modules

The following modules are an extension of the table from the chapter 3.2.2. They can be chosen by students regardless of their specialisation / education path.

Semester	Org.Unit	name of the subject	Lecture	Class	Laboratory	Project/ Seminar	Sum of hours	ECTS	Exam	Mand.
2	ZE	Fundamentals of economics	30	0	0	0	30	2	Ν	
2	ZO	Fundamentals of management	30	0	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DJ	English (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DJ	English (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DJ	French (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DJ	French (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DJ	German (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DJ	German(B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DJ	Russian (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
3	DJ	Russian (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
4	DJ	English (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	N	
4	DJ	English (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
4	DJ	French (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	N	
4	DJ	French (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
4	DJ	German (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
4	DJ	German(B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
4	DJ	Russian (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
4	DJ	Russian (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	English (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	English (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	French (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	French (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	German (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	German(B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	Russian (A)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
5	DJ	Russian (B)	0	30	0	0	30	2	Ν	
6	DJ	English (A)	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	
6	DJ	English (B)	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	
6	DJ	French (A)	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	
6	DJ	French (B)	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	
6	DJ	German (A)	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	
6	DJ	German(B)	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	
6	DJ	Russian (A)	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	
6	DJ	Russian (B)	0	30	0	0	30	3	Т	

3.2.4. Verification methods of learning outcomes

Detailed rules and methods for the verification and assessment of learning outcomes that allow all learning outcomes to be verified and assessed are described in the Module Activity Sheets. Within the framework of a study programme, verification of learning outcomes is carried out in particular by means of the following methods: written, exam part practical, exam part oral, written pass, pass a part practical, oral pass, essay, colloquium, written test, observation of performance, portfolio, project presentation, written report, oral report, project report, written test.

3.2.5. Programme content

Programme content (educational content) is consistent with the learning outcomes and takes into account, in particular, the current state of knowledge and research methodology in the discipline or disciplines to which the course of study is assigned, as well as the results of scientific activity in this discipline or disciplines. A detailed description of the program content is available in the Module Activity Sheets at the URL: http://krk.prz.edu.pl/plany.pl?lng=EN&W=C&K=P&TK=html& S=1496&C=2020, which are an integral part of the study programme.

Academic savoir - vivre	K_W10, K_U18, K_U19, K_U20, K_K02, K_K03, K_K05				
 Principles and norms of behavior in interpersonal relationships. The or universal rules of the etiquette.Personal culture.Importance of good m image. Classic savoir-vivre rules Fundamentals of priority and principl exceptions. Titles in the academic environment.Personal and bu congratulations.Faux pas. Communication etiquette. Standards of go Telephone conversation label. Culture of correspondence.Network. Eleg- image. Savoir vivre a choice of dress. General dress rules. Clothing acce selection of individual elements of the outfit.The right outer appearance academic aca	rigin of the concept of etiquette. Legal and moral norms and custom. The lorals in private and professional life.Stereotypy.Good manners and the es of its application. Forms of showing respect. Welcome - the rules and usiness procedures.Preferred - rules and exceptions. Wishes and od behavior in interpersonal communication. Non-verbal communication. ance of public speaking. • The importance of clothing in creating a positive essories. Fashion and extravagance.The most frequent weaknesses in the as part of the positive image.				
Analytical chemistry	K_W06, K_U03, K_U08, K_U20				
 Classification of analytical chemistry, scale, accuracy and precision scheme of quantitative analysis. Classification and characteristics of Alkacymetric. Reductometry and oxidimetry. Complexometry. Precipita calculations and analyses in the field of volumetric and gravimetric m Redox: determination of Fe(II) in Mohr's salt, determination of Cu(II) concentrations. Precipitation analysis: determination of Cl- ions conc gravimetric methods. 	of a method. Analytical errors, statistical evaluation of results. General methods of chemical analysis. Theoretical basis of volumetric analysis. tion analysis, effects accompanying solid product separation. Chemical nethods. • Alkacymetric: determination of sulphuric acid concentration. • concentration. • Complexometry: determination of Ca(II) or Mg(II) ionic entration. • Chemical calculations in the field of volumetric analysis and				
Chemical reactors	K_W03, K_W05, K_W07, K_U05, K_U06, K_U20, K_K01				
 Kinetics of chemical reactions. Reaction rate vs. concentration and ten reactors - material balance. Periodic reactor. Methods of analysis of kin stirred tank reactor. Cascade of reactors. Plug-flow reactor. Semi-contin simple reactions. Comparison of reactors for complex reactions. 	nperature. Calculating the composition of the reaction mixture. • Chemical netic data. Simple and complex reactions in a batch reactor. • Continous nous reactor. Plug-flow with recycling of flux. • Comparison of reactors for				
Chemical technology	K_W06, K_W07, K_W08, K_U06, K_U08, K_U10, K_U20, K_K01				
 Introduction. Principles of Green Chemistry. Current trends in chemical technology. Raw materials for chemical and petrochemical industry - reproducible, minerals and fossil. Processing of the basic renewable raw materials. Selected inorganic chemical processes. Processing of natural gas. Syngas and their utilization in fuel production. Processing of oil. Production of fuels, olefins and aromatics. Selected processes of the large scale industrial synthesis of organic chemicals. Production of methanol, vinyl chloride, styrene, terephthalic acid, ethylene glycol and others. Conductiong of the six activities from the group: Synthesis of cyclohexanone oxime and caprolactam, adipic acid, dibutyl phthalate, Processing of raw materials: sugar from sugar beet, biodiesel from vegetable oil, furfural from bran, starch from potatos, cellulose wadding, essential oils. Caustification of soda. Phosphoric acid extraction from ore. Isolation of potassium chloride from sylvinite 					
Computer engineering graphics (CAD)	K_W08, K_U02, K_U07, K_U20				
Iterritical retuel * Rectangular projections, additionent views a dimensions, shape and position. • Determination of surface roughness. drawings. • Standardized graphical symbols and devices used in the pr and basic settings. • Creating a drawing template and drawing styles application AutoCAD specific functions. • Constraints - parametric drawing of a complex geometric solids. • Drawing preparation and printing from parts. • Reading the technical documentation.	• Connections of the machines: separable and inseparable. • Assembly ocesses of chemical technology. • Preliminary information, start AutoCAD s. • Exercises for features and commands of AutoCAD. • Examples of ig in AutoCAD • Creating technical drawings - projection and dimensioning the layout level. • Making production and assembly drawings of machines				
Computer Flow Dynamics (CFD)	K_W08, K_U02, K_U03, K_U20, K_K01				
Work in sketchpad mod. 2D modeling. Simplifying and repairing of geo software. Kinds of calculation meshes. Meshing algorithms. Control of analysis. • Basics of Fluent Software. Determination of flow model. interpretation of results.	ometry. Parametrization of geometry. • Mesh generation in Ansys Meshing of quality and size of mesh. Methodology of mesh generation for CFD Determination of boundary conditions. Solver options. • Analysis and				
Computer science	K_W08, K_U02				
 Operating system Windows XP. Computer networks. Electronic mail. Internet basics. Searching for information on the Internet. Discussion groups. Internet aided education. Microsoft Office package: Word, Excel, PowerPoint. Development of laboratory data. Chemical structure editors. Elaboration of a web page. Definitions of basic concepts: the algorithm, computer program, computer system, informatic system, the operating system. The main components of a computer and their functions. Multiprocessor computer. Operating systems and tools. MS-Office programs: Word, Excel, PowerPoint. Computer programs, utilities and tools. MS-Office programs: Word, Excel, PowerPoint. Computer viruses, protection and prevention. Computer networks (Internet, Intranet). Telecommunications systems. Websites construction. Legal, ethical and social issues of computer science. Representation formalisms of algorithms: data flow diagram, program flow diagram. Computer program development cycle: specification, design, coding, testing, documentation. The basic elements of the configuration of software environment and compiler for C++. Construction of programs in C++. Declaration of variables and implementation section of the unit. Data types defined in C++. The concept of object. Main control statements in C++. Static and dynamic variables. Computer memory management. Programming of branches and loops. The definition of procedures and functions. Program testing according to principles of software engineering. 					
Diffusion separation processes	K_W03, K_W05, K_U01, K_U05, K_U06, K_U08, K_U09, K_U20, K_K01				
 Absorption. Characteristics of the process. The equilibrium of gas - liquid. The mass balance of the process and the operating line. Methods of mass exchanger high calculation.Hydrodynamic diameter of the apparatus. Apparatus. Distillation and rectification. Liquid - vapor equilibrium for two-and multi-component systems. Simple distillation. Steam distillation. Adjustment of the two-component batch and continuous : the balance sheets, operating lines, minimum and maximum reflux, determination of the number of theoretical plates - graphical and analytical methods. Rectification of multicomponent mixtures. Design issues: the selection of the type of apparatus, the characteristics of the shelves and their efficiency, mass transfer coefficients , packed columns. Extraction in liquid - liquid systems. Basics of physico-chemical extraction : solubility equilibrium, partition coefficient, the selectivity of the solvent , the drip mechanism. Calculation of the mass transfer coefficients in the extraction process. Multi-stage extraction. Determination of the minimum, maximum, and optimal amounts of solvent. Calculating the number of degrees and their efficiency. Extraction column ternary systems : computing the height and diameter of the column . Apparatus . Topics exercises: closely related to themes presented in the lecture. Laboratory: Five laboratory exercises related to the topic of the course Projects : Students perform project of the the mass exchanger fluid - fluid system : the rectification column and/or absorber. • Drying processes. Thermodynamics of drying. The mass and heat transfer in drying processes. Ways of carrying out the process. Drying apparatus. Topics exercises closely related to the interpreted of the course closely related to the interpreted of the course closely related to the interpreted of the close exercises closely related to the interpreted of the close exercises closely related to the interpreted of the close exercises closely related to the interpreted of the close exercises					
Elements of rheology in polymer processing	K_W03, K_W05, K_U02, K_U05, K_U08, K_U19, K_U20, K_K01				

 Fundamental definitions in rheology: stress, deformation, kinematics substance. Definition of viscoelasticity of polymers, mechanical model solutions of polymers. actical application of rheology: isothermal flow flow in single-screw extruder and double-screw extruder (isothermal, ac melts by using plastometer. Analysis of the flowing of thixotropic liquid Höppler consistometer. Determination of the heat resistance of selected of the processing properties of rubber compounds by using wulcameter. 	of deformation. • Rheological equation of state, rigid substance, liquid s. • Viscosity of polymer during flow. Rheological properties of alloys and and nonisothermal flow through channels with different sections; polymer liabatic and polytropic regime). • Determination of flow curves of polymer ds. Determination of glass transition temperatures of polymers by using thermoplastics. Determination of the hardness of plastics. Determination
Engineering materials	K_W07, K_W08, K_U03, K_U08, K_U10, K_U20, K_K01
 Introduction to materials science • Metallic materials • Ceramic material of elasticity • Yield strength, tensile strength, hardness and ductility • Su cracking as a result of creep • Flammability of construction materials • M materials • Determination of mechanical properties of fiber composites (by casting and characterization of obtained products. Grain size analysi ceramic materials. Determination of rheological properties of polymer con- 	Is • Polimeric materials • Composites, properties of composites • Modulus dden cracking, toughness and fatigue of materials • The deformation and ethods of reducing the flammability of construction materials • Selection of 1) and metal composites (2)during static stretching. Preparation of plastics s of powders Water absorption, real and apparent density and porosity of mositions.
Engineering project	K_W07, K_U01, K_U03, K_U17, K_U19, K_U20, K_K01, K_K02, K_K03
• Getting to know the professional literature on the subject • Experime related to the use of research tools that are appropriate to the studied ar a written report. • Discussing how to prepare a multimedia presenta Discussions after the multimedia presentation of the results of own resea	ental measurements, the creation of a computer program or other work ea and educational profile. Development of research results in the form of tition, rules for presenting papers. Presentation of the diploma project. Inch presented by students.
Engineering thermodynamics	K_W03, K_W06, K_U06, K_U20, K_K01
• Equations of state of fluids, thermodynamic functions, characteristic cycles. Equations of state for real solutions, thermodynamic functions activity, methods of calculation. Phase equilibrium for systems liquid-liquid.	processes for non-ideal liquids, thermodynamics of cooling and heating for real solutions. Basics of equilibrium in multiphase systems, fugativity, d, liquid-vapor, liquid-solid.
Evaluation of the practical properties of polymer materials	K_W03, K_W07, K_U02, K_U06, K_U08, K_U20, K_K01
Classification of the polymer materials taking into account methods o properties (static and dynamic) of polymeric materials. Thermal prope transition (glass transition, melting, crystallization). Testing method of he Methods of evaluation of aging and chemical resistance. Determination Analysis of polymer morphology. • Learning computer software used to obtained results. • Preparation of samples for analysis. • Thermal analysis crystallinity by DSC. The analysis of the reactivity of the epoxy resins DMA of selected polymer materials.	f processing and the practical applications. • Determination of strength orties and flamability of plastics. Determination of temperature of phase eat resistance. Aassessment of thermal resistance under prolonged loud. In of electric, magnetic, acustic, optical properties of polymeric materials. Operate the equipments used during laboratory lessons and to interpret is of plastics – determination of glass transition temperature and degree of by differential scanning calorimetry (DSC). Dynamic mechanical analysis
Fluid dynamics	K_W01, K_W03, K_W08, K_U05, K_U06, K_U20, K_K01
 Suplementary Information from mathematics. Vector operations, Oper volume integrals. Ordinal differential equations, sets of differential equations, solution, method of Laplace transform. Ideal and real fluids, forces actin laws. Fluid kinematics. Analytical methods of fluid kinetic. Continuity er layer. General and differential momentum and mass balances. Navier- Theory of turbulence- elements. Elements of rheology. Flow through theorem, method of differential equations. 	rator of gradient, divergence rotation. Integration along curves. Surface, ons, method of integration. Partial differential equations, Furrier method of g in fluids. Fluid statics, equilibrium conditions, Pascal, Euler, Archimedes quation, Euler equation of motion. Laminar and turbulent flow. Boundary Stokes equation. Selected analytical solution of Navier-Stokes equation. porous media. Dimensionless analysis: Rayleigh method, Buckingham
Fundamentals of CAD / CAE in polymer processing	K_W08, K_U02, K_U03, K_U05, K_U20, K_K01
 Student knows the methods of 3D-CAD design dedicated to incremental processing and prepare data for the manufacturing process • Student is do prototype using indirect prototyping method • Student can perform methods of modeling and processing data for the process of rapid protot learns the methods and ways of data processing in the RP process, cl information. • Student learns modern RP methods of performing physical 	al manufacturing systems • Student is able to perform 3D-CAD model data able to use the selected system of incremental prototyping • Student can postprocessing and finishing works on the prototype • Student learns otyping of products, closely observing the content of the lecture • Student losely observes the contents of the lecture, asks questions for additional models and possibilities of practical application of prototypes
Fundamentals of chemical technology	K W03, K W05, K W07, K U01, K U06, K U08, K U20, K K01
 Basic definitions. Principles of designing new technologies. Similarity similarity of properties. Calculating methods of the properties of gases ar the composition of the reaction mixture. Heat of reaction . Chemic: composition of the reaction mixture. 	y theory and its application. • The properties of gases and liquids. The nd liquids. • Chemistry of processes. Stoichiometry of reaction. Calculating al affinity. Chemical equilibrium concept and problems. The equilibrium
Fundamentals of heat and mass transfer	K_W03, K_W04, K_W05, K_U04, K_U05, K_U06, K_U19, K_U20, K_K01
• Energy transport. Steady and unsteady heat conduction. First Fourier energy balance equation. Heat convection, heat transfer, Newton equat by convection and radiation. Basics rules of heat exchanger designing. I Maxwell-Stefan equations for multicomponent diffusion. Differential m Estimation of diffusion coefficients. Mass convection, single-phase, Theoretical one stage exchanger, multi stage exchanger, exchanger with	low and its application. Differential energy balance, method of solution of ion, overall heat transfer. Energy transport by radiation. Energy transport Mass transport. Steady and unsteady diffusion. First and second Fick law. ass balance. Exemplary analytical solution of mass balance equation. two-phase mass transfer. Basics rules of mass exchanger designing. continuous phase contact. Axial dispersion.
Fundamentals of programming	K_U02, K_U20
• Getting to know the C++ programming environment. Creation a sam instructions in C++. • Preparation of the own program project and algorit programming. Running and testing the computer program. Developing of know the C++ programming environment. Creation a sample program t C++. • Preparation of the own program project and algorithm develop. In Running and testing the computer program. Developing of the program d	ple program to acquaint the structures, data types and the main control hm develop. Implementing the program using elements of object-oriented f the program documentation. Acceptation of the student work. • Getting to o acquaint the structures, data types and the main control instructions in nplementing the program using elements of object-oriented programming. locumentation. Acceptation of the student work.
General and inorganic chemistry	K_W06, K_U03, K_U08, K_U20
• Concepts and chemical laws. Struture of atom. Periodicity of chemical non-metals. Chemical bonds. Covalent bonds. Formal oxidation state transistions. Gas state. Ideal gas state equation. Units of matter. So concentration. Electrochemical processes and corrosion. Chemical equations: way of expression, conversion of concentrat chemical reaction equation. Elemental and real chemical formula. Yie kinetics. Chemical static, mass action law, chemical equilibrium. • 1. dissociation. Strong and weak electrolytes. 3. Acids and bases. Am Inorganic compounds, classification and terminology 6-9. Properties of e group metals (1, 2, 13). Elements of group 14-18. 10. D-block elements elements. 12. Complex compounds. Additional compounds. • 1. Elect	properties. Ionization energy, electron affinity, electronegativity. Metal and e. Molecular orbital and valence bond theory. States of matter. Phase blid state. Ionic and molecular crystals. Liquids and solutions. Units of uilibrium. Mass action law. • The basic calculations: fundamental laws. ion, dilution and mixing of solutions. Stoichiometric calculations based on eld of reaction. Oxidation and reduction reactions. Gas laws. Reaction Liquids and solutions. Colligative properties. 2. Electrolytes. Electrolytic pholytes. Buffer solutions. 4. Thermochemistry and thermodynamics.5. lements. Inorganic compounds, preparation methods end properties. Main c. Crystal field theory. Spectroscopic and magnetic properties. 11. F-block rolytic dissociation of strong and weak electrolytes. Activity and activity

coefficient, ionic strength, ionic product of water, pH. 2. Dissociation cons and degree. 5. Solubility product. • 1. Basic laboratory operations and ec compounds. 3. Types of chemical reactions. 4. Solutions: preparation constant, pH, alkacymetric indicators. 6. Buffer solutions. 7. Inorgan Precipitation, dissolving and chemical conversion of solid compounds. 10	stant and degree. 3. Buffer solutions. 4. Hydrolysis, the hydrolysis constant quipment. Synthesis of inorganic compounds. 2. Classification of inorganic and concentration calculations. 5. electrolytes – electrolytic degree and ic complexes. 8. Hydrolysis - the hydrolysis constant and degree. 9. 0. Oxidation and reduction reactions.
Heat transfer equipment design	K_W03, K_W04, K_W05, K_U04, K_U05, K_U06, K_U08, K_U20, K_K01
Heat exchangers: principles of operating, construction of exchange countercurrent and cross-flow exchangers, wall temperature, calcula evaporation in industry, energetic and mass balances, multistage eval exchangers rusing simulation software ASPEN PLUS. • Handling simple Industrial polymer materials	res, energetic balances, driving force in heat exchangers: co -current, ation of area of heat transfer. Evaporators: evaporation of solutions, poration, temperature loses in multistage evaporators. • Design of heat equipment for heat exchange, determining heat transfer coeffcients K_W03, K_W08, K_U01, K_U08, K_U11, K_U20, K_K01
• Types of polymer materials used in industry • Classification of polymers	by their range of application
Industry processes and process apparatus, process intensification	K_W03, K_W04, K_W09, K_U04, K_U05, K_U06, K_U09, K_U20, K_K01
 Classification of unit operations and process apparatus. Introduction processes in simple systems: flow parameters; the effect of flow turbuler Rotodynamic and positive displacement (piston) pumps. Suction and p and positive displacement (piston) pumps. Gas compressors. Special complex systems. Dispersed phase characteristics. Comminution of solic pneumatic conveying. Introduction to mechanical phase separation sedimentation, filtration, flotation, filtration and centrifuge separation, centrifugal separators, dust separators. Mixing of liquids. Power consur assessment of construction functionality and process adequatelity of exchangers, evaporators, crystallizers, distillation units and rectificatio assessment for product, equipment and industrial installation 	to design and intensification of unit operations. • Intensification of flow nce on efficiency and cost of processes. • Transport of liquids and gases. pumping heights. Pumps characteristics. Pumps systems. • Rotodynamic pumps and compresors. Vacuum pumps. • Introduction to fluid flow in ds and apparatus. Phase contacting methods: in fixed bed, fluidization and methods: drag force and falling velocity. • Phase separation methods: dust removal. Thickeners for preconcentration, classifiers, filters and mption. Stirrers and mixing vessels. • Intensification of unit operations and the basic equipment and apparatus types for chemical industry: heat n towers, absorbers and adsorbers, extractors and dryers. • Life cycle
Instrumental analysis	K_W06, K_U03, K_U08, K_U20
• The role and tasks of instrumental analysis in industrial processes. Sa instrumental methods. Calibration and calibration plots. Errors of anal Polarimetry. Quantitative analysis of elements and compounds using principles, excitation sources, apparatus, ICP-AES and GDL-AES is applications. Absorption spectroscopy in UV/VIS. IR absorption spect compounds. Basic principles of magnetic nuclear resonance. Structural mass spectrometry of organic compounds. Interpretation and analytical classification. Chromatography theories and their use in practice. Gas process and analytical performance. Practical applications. High petechniques: gradient elution and mobile phase programmed flow speed. and mobile phase selection and separation parameters. HPLC application. Complementarity of instrumental methods in laboratory application. Complementarity of instrumental methods. Hyphenated melements by using the atomic absorption spectrometry (AAS). Determ Determination of chemical substances using absorption spectriscopy in UMR spectroscopy.	amples acquisition, storage and preparation for analysis. Classification of ysis, classification, source and minimization of errors. Optical methods. g spectroscopic methods. Atomic Emission Spectroscopy - theoretical spectrometers. Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy (AAS) principles and roscopy - application in quantitative and qualitative analysis of organic l and quantitative analysis on the base of 1H-NMR spectra. Principles of l application of mass spectra. Chromatographic methods - definition and chromatography - influence of chromatographic conditions on separation erformance liquid chromatography (HPLC). Apparatus and separation Optymalisation of separation processes - theory and practice of stationary oplications. Electroanalytical methods. Potentiometry - principles and f chosen ion-selective electrodes (ISE). Voltammetric methods - the main y and industrial analysis. Conductometry - definition, instrumentation and ethods. Criteria of choice of the analytical methods. • Determination of mination of organic compounds using absorption infrared spectroscopy. JV/VIS. Analysis of mixtures of organic compounds with application of 1H-
Introduction to materials science	K_W03, K_W08, K_U01, K_U20
 Lecture: Introduction, definition of material, classification of material crystallography: (space lattice, crystal axis, unit cell, space points, lin Crystallographic systems. Fourteen Bravais. Atom radius and ion radiu group theory. Classification of crystals in terms of chemical bonding (ioni important structures of elements and chemical compounds. Real crysta Symbols of lattice directions and symbols of lattice planes in crystals Classification of crystals in terms of chemical bonding (ionic crystals, chemical bonding and crystal structure on the material properties. • Di structures of elements and chemical compounds. Allotropy and polymo crystals and polycrystals. Grain boundary. • Classes: Symbols of lattice density of an unit cell. Atom radius and ion radius. Elements of crystal sy 	Is in terms of arrangement, -crystals and glasses. The basic terms of hes and planes). Miller indices of planes, directions in a crystal lattice. s. Coordination numbers and figures. Symmetry of crystals. Elements of ic crystals, covalent crystals, metal crystals, molecular crystals). The most als. Monocrystals and polycrystals • Bravais lattice. Crystal lattice nodes. b. Belt of planes. Symmetry in crystals and combination of symmetry. • covalent crystals, metal crystals, molecular crystals). The influence of ense structure pose. Octahedral and tetrahedral gaps. The main crystal orphism • Real crystals. Point defects, dislocations, plane defects. Single e points, lattice directions and lattice planes. Volume and crystallographic mmetry. Structures of dense spacing. Real crystals.
Machines theory and technical mechanics	K_W04, K_U04, K_U06, K_U18, K_U19, K_U20, K_K02
• Basic terms and concepts of mechanics. • Flat, convergent arrangen systems forces converging and arbitrary. • The sliding and rolling fricti concepts of the strength of materials. • Mechanical properties of constorsion, bending, buckling, complex strength. • Plane trusses • General r standardization, law regulations by Polish Office of Technical Inspectio apparatus: steels and iron-base alloys, other metallic materials, plastic selection. • Machines review and basic machine parts of general purpos together with their calculation and selection rules • Basic chemical apparaces, pipelines and their parts, seals and valves together with the	nent of forces. • Moment of force. • Reduction and equilibrium of planar ion. • The center of gravity. • The moment of inertia. • Basic terms and struction materials. • Basic cases of stress: compressive, tensile, shear, ules of designing and construction of chemical apparatus • Standards and on (UDT) • Basic constructive materials used in construction of chemical s, glass and ceramics, wood. Criteria and rules of constructive material se: joints, shafts and axles, bearings, couplings, brakes, gears and drives paratus parts: bodies (shells), heads, connector pipes, openings, vessel ir calculation and selection rules
Mathematics	K_W01, K_U20
• Elements of mathematical logic and set theory. Basic properties function and other elementary functions, arc functions. • Sequences of number theorems about existence of a limit, Napierian base and its applications. of series, tests for divergence of series. Limit and continuity of function on notion of continuity of a function. Asymptotes of a function. • Differential derivatives of higher order, derivatives of basic elementary functions, theorems, investigation of monotonicity and determination of extrema o function, investigation of the behavior and systematic procedure in graph of primitive function and indefinite integral, integration by parts and functions, integration of trigonometric functions. Notion of definite inte complex numbers: canonical and polar form of a complex number, de Matrices: definition, operations on matrixes and its properties, square in Systems of linear equations: Kronecker-Capelli's theorem, Cramer's sy particular solution, initial-value problem, ordinary differential equations o and y, linear), ordinary differential equations of second-order reducible vectors and analytic geometry: vectors, operations on vectors and its pro-	ons of one real variable, polynomials, Horner's scheme, rational functions ers: monotonicity and boundedness of sequences, limit of a sequence, Series of numbers: properties of series of numbers, tests for convergence f real variable: definitions of limit, counting properties of limits of function, derivative of function of one real variable: notion of derivative of function, derivative of composite function, De l'Hospital's theorem, mean value f functions, convex and concave functions, points of inflexion of graph of ning of function. • Integral calculus of function of one real variable: notions by substitution, integration of rational functions, integration of irrational egral, applications of definite integrals, improper integrals. • The set of Moivre's formula, calculation of power and root of complex numbers. • natrices, determinant and its properties, inverse matrix, rank of a matrix. /stems. • Ordinary differential equations: notions of general solution and f first-order (about separable variables, linear, homogeneous respect to x e to equations of first-order, linear equations. • Elements of calculus of roperties, scalar product of vectors and its properties, vector product and

triple scalar product of vectors, equations of a plane and of a straight line continuity of functions of several variables, partial derivatives, extrema of fields, gradient, divergence, rotation, potential of vector field. Double an differential equations with scalar differential equations of the n-th orde equations. Method of elimination, method of first integrals. • Systems of differential equations with fixed coefficients and the method of constit boundary problems for partial differential equations. Linear and quas Trigonometric series. Extension in the Fourier series. Convergence conc differential equation of the second order. Fourier method of solving differential equation of the second order.	e in the space. • Basic properties of function of several variables: limit and f functions of several variables. Elements of field theory: scalar and vector d triple integrals - basic concepts. • Relationship of systems of first order r. General methods of solving systems of ordinary first order differential linear first order differential equations. Methods of solving first-order linear tuting solids for solving non-homogeneous linear systems. • Initial and si-linear partial differential equations of the first order. • Fourier series. • The canonical form of the differential partial ential ential differential equations.
Metrology and industrial measurements	K_W08, K_W09, K_U14, K_U20
• Basic concepts of law and industrial metrology. Historical outline. Interm measurand and mathematical model of measurement result. Direc and Basic measurement equipment: digital multimeter, sensor, transducer, noperation of measurement instruments and performing of correct measurement method error, correction factor. Uncertainty of measurement Static characteristic, non-linearity. Relative and absolute maximum permitype A and method type B. Calculation of combined uncertainty and expained expained expained expained and method type B. Calculation of combined uncertainty and expained expained expained. Traceability of the measurement equipment. Industrial measurements of temperatur result. Traceability of the measurement result. Quality, reliability and applement.	ational System of Units. Standards of physical quantities. • Defining of the indirect measurement method. Validation of the measurement method. • meter. Metrological properties of the measurement equipment. Basics of surements. • Essential concepts of measurement result: accuracy, error, ated value, measured value, measurement error, instrumental error, ent result. • Ways of declaration of accuracy of measurement equipment. issible error of indication. • Estimation of standard uncertainty with method anded uncertainty. • Verification, calibration, legalisation and adjustment of ability. Process quality indexes and measurement equipment capability asurement. Using of the physical quantity standard and the certificate of re, pressure, flow and level. • Notation and interpretation of measurement licability of performed measurement.
Modern methods of polymer modification	K_W03, K_W07, K_U06, K_U08, K_U20, K_K01
 Modification of polymers as a method of obtaining new materials. Chen vinyl and diene copolymers. Ionomers. Physical modification: examples fibrous fillers, plasticisation of polymeric materials. Nanomaterials obtain materials. Trends in modyfication of polymers.Polymer modification in th increasing hydrophobicity Synthesis and physical modification of superabsorbent 	nical modification: block copolymers, alternating and graft copolymers with of physical modification, types and properties of polymer fillers, types of led by physical modification. Methods of surface modification of polymeric e paint and varnish industry. • Chemical modification of polymers towards f high-solid coatings • Preparation and characterization of polymer
Modern polymer technologies	K_W03, K_W07, K_W08, K_U05, K_U08, K_U18, K_U20, K_K01
 Carbonic polymers, graphene and its analogues. Polycarbines, polyac their modifications. Supramolecular polymers - charge transfer complex matter Topological polymers - polycatenanes, polyrotaxanes and polyx 	etylene, topochemical polymerization. • Fulerenes and polyfulerenes and xes, inclusion complexes, supramolecular recognition, self-organization of karenes, polymers with molecular traces • Smart polymers
Organic chemistry	K_W06, K_U03, K_U08, K_U20
Structure and isomerism of organic compounds. Efects of electronic Classification of organic compounds. Basis of chemical nomenclature. Aromatic hydrocarbons – derivatives of benzene. Halogen derivatives Mono- and policarboxylic acids. Halo-, hydroxy- and oxoacid. Derivative ester condensation). Nitro compounds and amines. Azo- and diazocc Polymers. Synthesis, separation and purification of some organic comp	displacements versus explanation of properties of organic compounds. Saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons (alkene, alkadiene and alkyne). of hydrocarbons. Alcohols, phenols and ethers. Aldehyde and ketones. ves of carboxylic acid (halogens, anhydrides, amides). Esters (soap, fats, mpounds, isocyanates. Aminoacids, peptides, proteins. Carbohydrates. ounds and determination of basic physical properties.
Packages of application software	K_W08, K_U02, K_U03, K_U20
 Application of MS Excel to discretize functions, create simple and ad operations with macros and to solve chemical problems and model s software to prepare professional 2D and 3D charts, to perform statistic describing experimental data, to perform differentiation and integration arithmetic calculations, algebraic transformations, solution of linear and numerical function integration and differentiation, matrix algebra, solvi Introduction to Programming in Matlab and/or Maple. Creation of simpl ChemSketch software to create and edit chemical structures 	Ivanced plot charts, perform array operations, simple statistical analysis, imple chemical processes using solver tool. • Application of Origin Lab cal processing of experimental data, to estimate parameters for equation of discrete functions • Application of Matlab and/or Maple programs for nonlinear equations, inequalities and systems of equations, symbolic and ing differential equations, graphing functions of one and two variables. The programs for solving selected mathematical problems. • Application of
Parametric designing in Autodesk Inventor	K_W08, K_U02, K_U03, K_U20
Autodesk Inventor interface Parametric drawing of figures on the p methods for obtaining the same solid model Detecting and correction of elements Saving the components of the designed unit Unit assembly Using the base of ready-made elements Creating two-dimensional doc Inventor interface Parametric drawing of figures on the plane - use o obtaining the same solid model Detecting and correction of errors Determining the properties of subassembly Saving the components of unit constraints and movement Using the base of ready-made element	Jane - use of geometric and dimensional constraints • Different drawing of mistakes • Tools for creating and modifying 3D elements • Construction y of parts - defining degrees of freedom, unit constraints and movement • umentation • Individual design of chemical equipment element • Autodesk of geometric and dimensional constraints • Different drawing methods for Tools for creating and modifying 3D elements • Construction elements • the designed unit • Unit assembly of parts - defining degrees of freedom, ments • Creating two-dimensional documentation • Individual design of
Physical chemistry	K_W06, K_U03, K_U08, K_U20
• The theory of perfect gases. Equations of state. Dalton's law and Ama Chemical thermodynamics. System. Surroundings. Work. Heat. Cyclic pr The first law of thermodynamics. Internal energy. Enthalpy. Heat capacit compounds. Heat of solubility. Bond energy. The temperature depend thermodynamics. Spontaneous transformations. Carnot cycle. Entropy mixing. Gibbs energy. Helmholtz energy. Differentials and derivatives of free energy. Thermodynamic criteria of spontaneity of processes. Par interactions. Viscosity and surface tension of liquids. Phase equilibria ar Clausius-Clapeyron equation. Vapor pressures over ideal solutions. Vi Thermodynamics of ideal solutions. Activity. Activity coefficient. Boil Azeotropes. Colligative properties. Diffusion equations. Viscosities of properties of colloids. Chemical equilibrium. A thermodynamic equilibriu The influence of pressure and temperature on chemical equilibrium. • gases, chemical thermodynamics, phase equilibrium, colligative propert Zero, first, second, third and fraction order reactions. Determination of fer rate constant on temperature. Arrhenius theory and transition state theo katalysis. Gibbs-Duhem equation. Gibbs adsorpion equation. Adsorptio catalytic activity. Electrolyte solutions. Debye-Hückel theory. Activity of electrolytes. Transport numbers. Ionic mobility. Thermodynamics of elec conventions. Electrode potential. Chemical reactions in semicells. Nerns of electroscepy. Symmetry elements. • Physicochemical calculations conne enzymatic reactions, theory of electrolyte solutions, ionic conductance and spectroscopy. Symmetry elements. • Physicochemical calculations conne enzymatic reactions, theory of electrolyte solutions, ionic conductance and spectroscopy. Symmetry elements. • Physicochemical calculations conne enzymatic reactions, theory of electrolyte solutions, ionic conductance	gat's law. The theories of real gases. The kinetic theory of perfect gases. rocesses. Reversible processes. Isothermal reversible expansion of a gas. ty of gases, liquids and solids. Thermochemistry. Enthalpy of formation of ence of reaction rate on temperature. The second and the third law of thermodynamic functions. The influence of pressure and temperature on tial molar quantities. Chemical potential. Interatomic and intermolecular diagrams. Three-component systems. Phase rule. Clapeyron equation. Vapor pressures over real solutions. Solubilities of gases and liquids. ing temperature – composition diagrams of two-component solutions. Ilquids and gases. Colloidal systems and surfactants. Physicochemical um constant. Chemical equilibrium in gas phase. Gibbs energy function. Physicochemical calculations connected with theory of perfect and real ties of solutions. • Chemical kinetics. The rate and the order of reaction. eaction order and rate constant. Dependence of reaction rate and reaction ry. Kinetics of complex reaction. Kinetics of enzymatic reaction. Basics of n. Adsorption theories. Langmuir, Freundlich and BET equation. Surface electrolyte solutions. Blectrochemistry. Semicells and electrochemical cells. tequation. Electromotive force of electrochemical cells. Thermodynamics measurements. Batteries and fuel cells. Theoretical basics of molecular ected with chemical equilibrium, chemical kinetics of simple, complex and and electrodics. • Determination of evaporation enthalpy of a high-boiling and electrodics. • Determination of evaporation enthalpy of a high-boiling and electrodics. • Determination of evaporation enthalpy of a high-boiling and single conditions.

liquid. Determination of phase equilibrium in three - component system. Determination of boiling temperature – composition diagram for chloroform – acetone system. Determination of reaction order and rate.Determination of thermical activation of a chemical reaction. Determination of distribution coefficient. Determination of surface tension of liquids. Determination of adsorption isotherm. Determination of limiting molar conductivity of electrolyte solution. Determination of ΔG , ΔH and ΔS of chemical reaction.

K U18, K U19

· Acquainting with the rules of participation in classes and the conditions for obtaining a pass. Discussion of the principles of safe use of sports facilities and equipment and safety rules in force during the course. • Implementation of various sets of warm-up exercises and exercises focused on developing the student's basic motor skills. • Shaping general physical fitness, motor coordination, endurance, flexibility, speed through individual selection of sports activities (eg: football, volleyball, basketball, table tennis) or recreational physical activity (eg: badminton, gym exercises). • Physical fitness test: Multistage 20 m Shuttle Run (Beep test). • Acquainting with the rules of participation in classes and credit conditions. Discussion of swimming pool conditions and safety rules applicable during exercise in the aquatic environment. • Initial adaptation to the aquatic environment: - face dipping, eye opening and orientation under the surface of the water, - mastery of breathing in the aquatic environment, familiarization with the buoyancy of water, - control of lying on the breast and back, - plays and games in water. Warm-up exercises, preparing for exercises in water. Learning how to behave in water in difficult and unusual situations: choking, shrinkage, sinking, etc. • Learning backstroke style: lying on the back, slipping, correct leg work with a board on the hips and without a board, proper work of the arms. Improvement of proper coordination of lower and upper limbs. Learning free style: slipping on the chest, proper leg work combined with breathing, exercise with a board and without a board. Learning the proper work of the arms (swimming with a proper body with a proper breath and exhalation). Learning how to coordinate the work of lower and upper limbs with the determination of proper breathing. Learning breaststroke style: proper work of legs with a board and without boards on the chest and on the back, correct work of arms in a classic style. Coordination of lower and upper limbs and breathing in a classic style. Learning to jump on the legs and on the head. • Fitness test: a 25-meter swimming trial chosen by the student. K_W02, K_U08, K_U20 Physics

• Measurements and physical units. Dimensional analysis. Functions of one and several variables. Scalars and vectors. Derivatives in physics. Coordinate Systems. • Motion along a straight Line, Motion in two or three dimensions, kinematics of rotational motion. Newton's laws of motion, Applying Newton's laws Work, power and energy, Potential energy. Conservative forces Momentum, Impulse, and Collisions Dynamics of Rotational Motion, Rotation of Rigid Bodies • Periodic motion, differential equations and complex numbers in physics, resonance. Mechanical waves, wave phenomena, acoustics: sound and hearing • Fluid Mechanics, Introduction to thermodynamiscs: temperature and heat, Thermal properties of matter, Laws of thermodynamics, entropy • Introduction to physical laboratory classes. The uncertainty of the measurements. • Introduction to electromagnetism: Electric charge and electric field, Gauss's law, Work and electric potential. Capacitance and Dielectrics. Conductors, electric current, resistance, circuits and Electromotive force . Magnetic field. The Lorentz force. A electric charge and current-carrying wire in magnetic field. The magnetic field induced by current flow. Hall effect, Cyclotron, mass spectrometer. The phenomenon of magnetic induction. • Electromagnetic waves: dispersion, Interference, diffraction, polarization. Application of optics. • Introduction to modern physics and quantum mechanics, wave-particle duality of light and matter, probability and uncertainty principle Schrodinger equation, free particle, particle in potential well, stationary states, atomic structure, condensed matter Introduction to nuclear physics, nuclear reactions, nuclear power, stability and radioactivity, biological effects of radiation

Polymer chemistry and technology	K_W06, K_W07, K_W08, K_U01, K_U03, K_U06, K_U08, K_U10, K_U12, K_U18, K_U19, K_U20, K_K01
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Introductory remarks; classification of polymers according to Carothers and Flory; examples of polymer types; nomenclature • Historical outline of polymer industry and the polymers produced in the largest quantity. • Thermodynamic and kinetic conditions of polymerization processes. Structure of macromolecules vs. physical properties of polymers • Condensation polymers. Mechanism of polymerization. Main types of commercial condensation polymers • Radical polymerization. Large scale polymers produced by radical polymerization. • Ionic polymerization of unsaturated monomers • Copolymerization. • Copolymers produced on industrial scale • Oxirane polymerization. Commercial polymers produced by ring-opening oxirane polymerization. • Polymer tacticity. Coordination polymerization. Polyolefins • Reactions on polymers. Chemical modification of polymers • Native polymers. Biopolymers • Synthesis of selected groups of polymers • Modification of polymers. Identification of main groups of polymers

Polymer materials processing	K_W05, K_W08, K_U02, K_U03, K_U05, K_U08, K_U11, K_U20, K_K01
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Auxiliaries for plastics processing. Preparation of plastics for processing. Forming treatment. Extrusion and related technologies. Injection and related technologies. Application, spraying. Dipping Coating. Lamination. Pressing and pressing. Rolling and calendering. Foaming Sintering. Finishing of plastics. Secondary molding. Joining and bending. Surface treatment of products: dyeing, printing, metallization. Chip processing. Improving the surface. Design: Basic tools used in plastics processing Injection molds for thermoplastics. Application of CAD CAM software in the design. Laboratory: Investigation of the influence of compression molding parameters of thermosetting molds on the properties of moldings. Setting up the thermoplastic injection process. Study of the effect of injection molding parameters of thermoplastics on the strength properties of moldings. Examination of extrusion performance of plastic profiles. Study of the effect of extrusion blowing parameters on the properties of polyolefin films. Polyester-glass composites (laminates). Metal bonding. Determining the optimum rolling time of the rubber blends. Study on the effect of selected parameters on the strength of seams welded from polymeric films. Processing of polychlorovinyl pastes. Galvanic metallization of plastics 11. Production of plastic products by casting method 12.Termoforming

Process design	K_W03, K_W05, K_U02, K_U03, K_U05, K_U09, K_U20, K_K01
Introduction to methods of designing integrated systems technology.	Characteristics of simulation software and simulation strategy. Definitions

and calculations organization. Basic rules for the selection of thermodynamic models. • Introduction to simulation calculations of technological processes (flow of information, analysis of degrees of freedom, the models selected processes, classification of simulation methods, numerical computation, useful options - design specifications, sensitivity analysis. The calculation of the physicochemical properties of the solutions. • Selection rules and parameters of the processes, apparatuses, the selection of the reactor and the reaction parameters, the separation process - the base. The calculation of chemical reactions and reactors. Calculation of the heat exchangers. • Criteria for evaluation of the project - "pure" chemical technology. Hierarchical method, an example application. Basics of simultaneous methods. Calculation of separators with two liquid phases. • Design Heuristics. The calculation of basic unit operations and analysis of the results (flash calculations, distillation, extractive distillation, absorption). • Systems design process - the base, the scope of the initial project, the organization of the design process, the evaluation or the basic operations of fluid transport (pumps, compressor, expander, valves). • The use of sensitivity analysis as a tool for selection of parameters of the basic operations. • Optimization calculations of the distillation columns.

Professional training	K_U12, K_U14, K_U15, K_U18, K_U19, K_U20, K_K01, K_K02, K_K05	
 Training on safety work and anti fire regulations in plant/company/institution. Extending of knowledge gained on university in practical way. Introducing to work of plant/company/institution and with their internal procedures. Preparation to job in future. 		
Scientific and technological information	K_U01, K_U02	

• Searching for information on the most abstracts and bibliographic important publishing houses (Chemical Abstracts) with the use of index. Search for chemical information in scientific journals available on-line from the Rzeszów University of Technology library.

Social competences

K_W10, K_U14, K_U17, K_U19, K_K02, K_K03, K_K05

Social and interpersonal competences as an ability to achieve social and individual goals while maintaining good relations with interaction
partners
 Components of social competences
 Competencies determining the effectiveness of behavior in the situation of social exposure
 Strategies for image formation and self-presentation
 Conditions of interpersonal skills and the importance of social competences
 Improving
skills and abilities relevant to social competences (assertive, cooperative, social, and social resourcefulness)
 Developing and improving skills and
abilities relevant to social competences (mutual understanding and getting to know each other, creating a climate of mutual trust, helping and
influencing, solving problems and conflicts)

assertive skills, skills to strengthen, sustain others, self-expression skills) • Developing and improving skills and abilities relevant to social competences - verbal and non-verbal communication • Improvement of the skills of beneficial self-presentation (especially in professional conditions) • The importance of social competences

Statistics and results elaboration

K W08, K U02, K U20

• LIMS (Laboratory Information Management System) – selected problems. • Experimental database. Rejection outliers in data. Selective use of data. • Exploratory data analysis of the analytical measurements, descriptive statistics, cross-sectional data, normality tests, statistical graphs. The frequency distribution of a variable. • Statistical hypothesis testing. Parametric and non-parametric tests. • Multiple regression. Study of correlation between variables. • One-way and multiple analysis of variance. Discriminant analysis, factor analysis and principal components analysis. • Fitting the observed variable distribution to a theoretical distribution. • Management of Statistica program data. Parameters of variable distribution. • Study of correlation between variables incer and non-linear regression. • Analysis of Variance.

Technical safety and ergonomics

K_W08, K_U12, K_U15, K_K02

• Legislation in the field of labour protection, including the following: the rights and responsibilities of students and staff in the field of safety and liability for violation of safety rules and regulations, liability for accidents, the legislation concerning insurance benefits for safety violation and accidents at work. • Responsibilities of the university in the provision of safe and healthy learning environment: health and safety requirements for school buildings, the requirements for systems and equipment located in the building of the university. • Subject matter and scope of work safety and ergonomics. • Security in terms of the system (security as a management objective, as a legal obligation, a moral norm). • Models of accidents at work (the classic models of accidents, near misses models, modelling human behaviour in emergency situations). • Statistical and behavioural theories of safety. • Ergonomic aspects of the system human – machine – environment. • Assessment of the reliability of dynamic physical labour and static physical labour. • The study of the burden of mental work. • Dangerous and harmful factors connected with work process and working conditions. • Risk assessment in a selected work position. • Ergonomics in the shaping of working conditions (some ergonomic principles and recommendations for the design of the spatial structure of the workplace, indication and control devices, technological processes, objects). • Ergonomic factors in the organization of work. • Ergonomic assessment of machinery and equipment and improving working conditions. • University rules of conduct in case of accidents and emergencies (fire, accident, etc.) pre-medical aid rules in the event of an accident, fire protection (including evacuation).

Technology of monomers

K_W03, K_W07, K_U06, K_U08, K_U10, K_U18, K_U20, K_K01

• Introduction. Olefinic monomers. Dienes. • Vinyl and acrylic monomers. • Polyols • Formaldehyde. Oxiranes and polyols • Carboxylic acids and their derivatives. • Aliphatic and aromatic polyamines. • Diisocyanates. • Phenols. Urea and melamine. • Synthesis of three selected monomers.

programme content of elective modules

English (A)

K_U14, K_U16, K_U20

• Talking about yourself, famiy, home, likes and dislikes. Question forms. • Talking about important dates and events. Writing formal and informal emails. • Discussing differences between men and women. Expressing opinions. • Describing people. Revision of verb tenses: present and past simple, present and past continuous. • Talking about yourself. Conversation and interviews. • Giving advice on successful interviews. Talking about yourself. • Talking about films. Expressing opinion about films. • Talking about life experiences. Verb tenses: present perfect and past simple. • Talking about the media and news. Expressing opinion on conspiracy theories. Matching headlines with explanations. • Talking about stories from the past. Writing a news report. • Talking about lying. Collocations with 'say' and 'tell'. • Tellling a story or anecdote from the past. Listening to people telling anecdotes. • Phrases to describe a good/bad experience. Talking about memorable moments. Writing about one of your happiest memories. • Expressing opinions. Talking about problems of teenagers and their parents. • The future (plans): the present continuous, going to, will, might. Writing messages; learn to use note form. • The future (predictions): will, might, may, could, going to, likely to. Future time markers; idioms Listening to predictions about the future of communication. Talking about how things will change in the future. • Reading a short story about a misunderstandings; phrases to clarify/ask someone to reformulate • Listening to telephone conversations involving misunderstandings. Learning to reformulate and retell a story about a misunderstanding. Role-playing resolving a misunderstanding. • Reading an article about millionaires. Modals of obligation: must, have to, should. • Discussing the qualities needed for different jobs. Completing a survey and discussing the results. • Reading about childhood dreams. Reading job advertisements. Used to and would. • Listening to two people describing dream jobs gone wrong. Talking about past habits. Writing a covering letter. • Reaching agreement. Business collocations. Phrases to give opinions, • Listening to people making decisions in a meeting. Learning to manage a discussion Participating in a meeting and creating a business plan. • Office conversation; phrases to describe routines. Describing a day in your life. Reading an article about how technology changed the world. Comparatives and superlatives. Vocabulary: technology. • Discussing how technology has changed the world. Talking about different types of transport and their uses. Writing an advantages versus disadvantages essay. • Talking about future hopes and plans. Grammar: Future Perfect, Future Continuous. • Listening to people answering difficult general knowledge questions. Doing a short general knowledge questionnaire; answering questions on your area of expertise. • Polite requests. Problems and solutions. • Listening to conversations about technical problems. Learning to respond to requests. Role-playing asking and responding to requests • Reading about basic emotions. Zero and first conditionals. -ing versus -ed adjectives; multi-word verbs with on, off, up and down • Listening to a radio programme about therapies. Talking about your emotions. Discussing what advice to give people in a variety of situations. • Second conditional. Verb-noun collocations • Discussing what you would do in different hypothetical situations. Writing a letter of advice. • Giving good and bad news. Life events. • Listening to conversations where people receive news. Learning to introduce and respond to news. Role-playing giving someone news • Phrases to describe a good/bad experience. Talk about memorable moments. Writing about one of your happiest memories. Reading a short introduction to The Secret of Success. Present perfect simple versus continuous. • Present and past modals of ability. Reading a biographical text about the memory men. • Listening to a three-way conversation about memory. Talking about your abilities. Writing a summary. Clarifying opinions. Reading a story about qualifications. • Listening to a discussion about intelligence. Learning to refer to what you said earlier. Choosing the right candidate for the job. Giving opinions and examples. • Reading a BBC blog about neighbours. Articles. Quantifiers • Describing your neighbourhood and discussing how it could be improved. • Relative clauses. Vocabulary connected with the internet. Reading a website review. • Listening to descriptions of online communities. Comparing real-world and online activities. Writing a website review. • Being a good guest. Welcoming. Reading about how to be a good guest. • Listening to people describing guest/host experiences. Learning to accept apologies Discussing problematic social situations. • Revision for the written examination. • Grammar practice - preparation for the examination.

English (B)

K_U14, K_U16, K_U20

• Flatmating, family, personality vocabulary, asking questions. Speaking, listening. • Vocabulary used in informal emails. Writing an informal email, checking accuracy • Feelings, gradable and ungradable adjectives, word formation. Reading, speaking, listening. Grammar: Present Perfect • Advertisements. Making polite phone enquires. Reading, listening, speaking. • Writing a summary of a first encounter story • Social issues. Verbs and nouns with the same form. Grammar: Present Perfect • Preventing crime, surveillance. Giving solutions. Grammar: the Passive • Formal written language. Writing a letter of complaint. • Newspaper extracts. Expressing opinions. Opinion adjectives. Reading and speaking. • Discussing ingredients of happiness; carrying out a happiness survey. Writing tips for being happy for a website. • Games. Discussing behaviuor and annoying habits and routines. Grammar: would/used to.Speaking. • Talking about leisure. Writing an opinion essey. Using linkers. • Talking about holidays. Grammar: Future forms, countable and uncountable nours. • Describing procedures. Common actions in procedures. Talking about gameshows. Verbs. • talking about unusual experience. Recommending. Writing a story. • Reading a story. Sayings. Grammar: Past tenses. • Telling stories. Talking about the adverts. • Augerian adverbs. • Wishes and regrets. Multi-word verbs. Grammar: wish/if only • Talking about reading habits, favourite books, likes and dislikes. Reading a summary. • Describing a favourite scene in a film. Writing a description of a favourite scene. • Rading and talking about the worst inventions. Bicycles. Change. Compound nouns. Grammar: atticles. • Discussing advertising tactics and the influence of advertising. Grammar: conditionals. • Marketing and advertising. Writing a report. Learning to make written comparisons. • Brainstorming ideas. Adjectives. Suggesting ideas. Showing reservation. • Presenting an ew business idea. Writing: a product leaflet. • Talking about tifferent ages. Word formation - nouns. Gram

word verbs. Quantifiers. • Retelling real and made-up stories. Reading a questionaire. Grammar: reported speech. • Writing a discursive essay. • Reading a newspaper article. Broadships and tabloids. Predicting. • Mistakes in press and TV. Re-telling a news story. Writing: a news article. • Reading news stories about behaviour in tough situations. Collocations. Difficult decisions. Grammar: conditionals. • Feelings. A quiz on whether you're a morning or an evening person. Different attitude to time. Grammar: -ing form and infinitives. • Idioms connected to time. Writing an informal article. • Adjectives of manner. Talking about how to handle awkward situations. • Describing a family or cultural ritual. Writing about a family ritual. • Watching an extract from a programme about body language. • Discussing how good witness you are. Crime and criminals. Grammar: ing form and infinitives with different meanings. • Synonyms. Verbs with prepositions. Crimes. Grammar: modal verbs. • Reading an advice leaflet bout how to avoid trouble on holiday. Avoiding repetition. Writing a dangerous adventure. • Professional language: mathematical symbols and terminology. Basic mathematical operations. • Professional language: • Fractions, powers, logarithms. • Revision for the written examination. • Speaking practice • Speaking practice.

French (A)

K_U14, K_U16, K_U20

Interrogative pronouns (simple and complex inversion). • Trip around Paris; short advertisements - writing. • Describing events with the use of le passé composé tense. • Vocabulary related to describing the past. • Similarities and differences between Polish and French educational systems. Interpreting figures. • Presenting the university and the field of study. • Describing your last holidays - the use of l'imparfait and le passé composé tenses. • Direct object pronouns in various tenses and moods. • Living in the city and in the country - advantages and disadvantages; comparatives and superlatives. • Real estate ads analysis; le conditionnel présent mood. • Possessive pronouns. • Hypothesizing and giving opinions; impersonal verb forms. • Describing things; the place of an adjective in a sentence. • Relative pronouns. • Vocabulary related to shopping; negotiating the price. • House chores; sharing duties with the family members. • Favourite dish - preparing a questionnaire; written comments on its results. • Outfits for various occassions; family celebrations. • "Dont" relative pronoun. • Giving personal opinions. • Direct and indirect object pronouns COD/COI in the past tense. • The use of past participle with the subject and direct object. • Reported speech - positive sentences. • Car accident - expressing personal opinions. • The use of past participle with the subject and direct object. • Reported speech - positive sentences. • Car accident - expressing personal opinions. • Direct and passive voice. • A film review. • Newspaper article - the use of the passive voice. • Job advertisement, CV, cover letter - documents analysis. • Vocabulary and expressions used in administrative correspondence - writing a cover letter. • A job interview. • Students' work, socializing and building a network of contacts. • The "subjonctif" mood - introduction. • Describing work experience. • Interview - Students' work, socializing and building a network of contacts. • The "subjonctif" mood - introduction. • Describin

French (B)

K_U14, K_U16, K_U20

• Describing and reporting events in the past tense. • Paris - the center of fashion. • Pronouns COD/COI in various tenses. • Modern and dying professions. • A famous fashion designer - presentation. • Demonstrative and possessive substatival pronouns. • Simple and complex relative pronouns. • Jeans - a universal timeless outfit. • Complaints and solving problems, giving advice. • Expressing reason and result. • The "subjorctif" mood - expressing purpose. • Traffic regulations - obligations and prohibitions. • Reported questions. • Choosing profession, justyfiyng. • Expressing the reason. • Living in homeland and abroad, giving arguments. • National symbols of Poland and France. • "Le passé simple - literary tense". • Comparisons - various living styles, the comparative of irregular adjectives. • Real estate market in France and in Poland. • Expressing acquiescence. • Emigration and mobility, expressing opinions. • "Le savoir-vivre" - good manners. • What is proper and improper - similarities and differences concerning Polish and French customs. • Negatives - summary. • Expressing prohibition. • Expressing hypothesis. • Passive voice in a newspaper article. • Climate changes - vocabulary related to ecology. • People's eco-friendly habits. • Plans for the future - time expressions. • Pensioners nowadays and in the past; changes in perceiving elderly people. • Setting up a company - development plans. • Inventions which revolutionized people's lives. • Expressing the favourite character. • Passions in our lives. • Tense concordance in a short story. • Globalisation, positive and negative consequences. • Verb patterns with an infinitive. • Expressing disagreement towards proposals. • The art of giving arguments in a presentation. • A mobile phone: hell or paradise? • Where does Europe end? - information about the European Union. • Verbs useful for giving arguments. • Arguments cohesion - coherence linkers. • Sentence transformations - expressing coherence. • Higher education - facts and expectations. • Presenting

Fundamentals of economics

K_W10, K_W12, K_U01, K_U13, K_U20, K_K04

· Introduction to Economics (outline of economic thought, the basic concepts, principles and assumptions of microeconomic analysis, the place of economics in the system of social sciences and relationships with other disciplines). Introduction to microeconomics. • The model of the market economy (institutions, productivity, efficiency, actors, resources and streams in the economic system, market - classifications and functioning). Demand (law of demand, exceptions, determinants, elasticity of demand), supply (the law of supply, exceptions, determinants, elasticity of demand), the balance of the market in the short, medium and long term, the impact of regulated prices on the market, model cobwebs. Consumer choice (the functioning of households, usability, first and second Gossen law, pension consumer Marshall, the balance of the consumer). • The rules of the enterprise (introduction to the theory of enterprise, basic definitions, classifications and processes). • The short run and long run production function in the market, economies of scale, choice of optimal technology. • The instruments of cost management in the enterprise, cost function in the long and short term, costs and liquidity. • Perfect competition and monopolistic competition. • Various degrees of competitiveness in the marketplace: monopolies, oligopolies • Introduction to macroeconomics, the basic phenomena and macroeconomic problems. • The development of economic systems, economic growth - measuring and conditions of the product and national income and its determinants, economic conditions (cycles) and the role of investment in the economy, analysis of the situation in Europe and the world. • The importance of the public finance sector, the organization SFP (sub), the impact of fiscal policy on national income, the role of the state in the economy, the budget as a tool for influencing the economy, the issue of budget deficit and public debt, the impact of public support (including EU funds) for the development of entities the national economy, analysis of the situation in Europe. • The development of the monetary system, the role of money in the economy, money in the strict sense and broad sense, the demand for money, the money supply and the mechanisms of its creation, quantitative theory of money, monetary aggregates. • The banking system of the state, the role of the central bank and monetary policy tools of monetary policy, the interbank market and the activities of commercial banks. • The phenomenon of inflation and its effects on social and economic demand and supply-side causes of inflation, the measurement of inflation - inflation, analysis of the situation in Europe, anti-inflation policy. • The labor market, employment policy, the importance of competence and demographic processes, labor market flexibility, unemployment as a problem of economic and social development. • International economic relations, the foreign exchange market, balance of payments, the single market of the European Union and its importance for the development of Member States, including developing countries. The European Union in the global economy

Fundamentals of management

K_W10, K_W11, K_W12, K_U13, K_U20, K_K04

• Management as an academic discipline • Company and its environment as an object of management • Management features • Conterporary management problems.

German (A)

K_U14, K_U16, K_U20

• Friendship, meetings, people relationships, relations. Declension - type 'n'. • Describing a person, introductions, characteristics of types of behaviour, features of character. • Presenting one's characteristic. Noun formation. • Reder's magazine - class reunions and locating classmates by internet. Working with a text. • Occupation and work, workplace, presenting one's flaws and strengths. • Talking about the past. Past tense (Präteritum) of regular, irregular and mixed nouns. • Report concerning the internship done. Presenting onions regarding an employee. • Conditions and forms of work. Requirements and competences. • Working with a video material. Conducted activities and working conditions. • Presenting one's plans and professional plans. • Living conditions, an interview with a real estate agent. Relative pronouns and relative clauses. • Analysis of offers and notices, explaining abbrevations. Adverbials of time. • Living in Germany: informational text, statistics, graphs. • Customer service, phone conversations. Language reactions based on a given situation. • Oral and written complaint. Sentences with "obwohl" and "trotzdem" • Writing a formal letter with a set of fixed phrases. • Inviting to a company promotional meeting - working with a text. • Computerisation of everyday life. Functions of devices/appliances used nowadays and in the future. • Visions of technological progress of the future. Futur I tense. • Using electronic devices in private and professional life - presentation. • Working with a video material - history and development of an enterprise,

features of products and their distribution. • Formal and informal invitation. Conditional conjunction "falls". • Business meeting. Rules of participating in a meal and different professional and social situations. • Holiday plans, expressing wishes and intentions. Verbs: 'sollen'. • Media, Germany's press market. • Characteristics of a given magazine - presentation. • Shopping, slecting products, reacting to suggestions and propositions. Sentences with 'zu' before an infinitive. • Conversation between a client and consultant. Typical expressions. • Conversations between a client and consultant. Using typical professional expressions. Setting up a company and customer acquisition. • Choosing a profession Determining one's own skills and abilities. Causative clauses. • Social competences and career choice test. Employment profiles. Time clauses with 'bevor' and 'während' conjunctions. • Describing personality and aptitudes, expressing opinions and presenting test results. • Miniproject professional predispositions, weak and strong sides of a candidate, talking with a careers adviser. • Working with a video material - history and development of Hueber publishing house, as well as its products. • Working conditions and concept of an employee-friendly enterprise. Gradation and declension of an adjective. • European Union - employment opportunities in EU countries, its history, as well as inner labour market and main institutions. • Smoking prohibitions in a work place - formulating arguments in favour and against, expressing opinions. Imperative. • Presentation structure, template, typical expressions. • Conditions determining good employment and company's attractiveness. • Wasted chances and opportunities. Unreal clauses in the past. • Reporting experienced failures - a radio audition. Conditional clauses - Konjunktiv II. • Helpline describing a given situation. 'Ware / hatte' structures + Partizip II. • Describing controversial events - discussion and commentary. • Expressing disappointment and reacting to it - writing an e-mail, working with a text published on a blog. • Everyday situations that make you happy Plusquamperfekt tense. • Expressing emotions - language means. • Summarizing the previous year and positive events. Time clauses with 'nachdem'. • Working with a video material - 'Our piece of happiness'. Family history. Important life areas, experiencing success and satisfaction. Parties, celebrations, events happening in a workplace. • Beginnings of a career. Speed-dating. Employers' expectations. • Comparison of holidays and events. Written invitations for different occassions. • Writing an e-mail and letters - components. Writing invitations.

German(B)

K_U14, K_U16, K_U20

• New communication media. Establishing new contacts: Speed-dating. • Describing one's language skills - working with a video material. Declension of an adjective after definite, indefinite and no article. • Media competences, ability to creatively use internet assets in foreign language learning. Time adverbs. • Bisness meetings in a new environment, forms of greeting and introduction. • Strategies of learning language for special purposes. • Private and business meetings. Modal particles. • Planning and organizing official events. • Spoken and written invitations, establishing the date of the meeting. Rektion of the verb. Adverbial pronouns in questions and answers. • Working with a video material - 'Oktoberfest'. Planning and preparation of a presentation. • Business lunch. Quiz about etiquette. • Features of a good presentation. • Preparing product presentation. • Planning a holiday, travel bureau's offers. Assumptions - 'werden + wohl' verbs + infinitive. • Accommodation - hotel rating, opinions on internet sites. Relative sentences, relative pronouns. • Public transport in German speaking countries. • Future vehicles and travels. Future tense 'Futur I'. • Working with a video material - dream travels. • Organizing a conference, choosing a hotel, business mail. • Flat market, different forms of accommodation. Complex nouns. • Living community, student's house. Looking for a flat - advertisements. Time prepositions. • A student room, flat appliances, description of functions of furniture and items of every day use. • Switching flats during holiday. Word order. • Multi generation house. • Office and its equipment, positive rapport. • Living business community, pros and cons. • Presenting a profession - working with a video material. • Ideal work place. Conditionals. • Job advertisements, writing a cv. • Different ways of job searching. Advice and tips for job applicants. Sentences with 'damit' and 'um...zu'. • Job applications, talking about your education and work experience. • Small-talk, expressing opinion about one's job - pros and cons. • Famous composers, a biography note. Negative sentences. • Music genres, music instruments, music bands. • Festivals and concerts in German speaking countries. A schedule of musical events. • Planning a shared evening, inviting to a concert, writing a private email. • 'Rammstein' band - presenting a band. Providing argument support one's choice. Sentences with "denn", "weil", "nämlich" "deshalb". • German rock music - working with a video material. • Creating a presentation about German rock music. • Board games, tele shows Rules of favourite games. Passive voice. • E-commerce, internet shops. • Psychology of selling, interpreting the behaviour of the customer Passive voice with modal verbs. • Consumers' typical behaviour during shopping. Identification of different behaviour. • Online shopping discussion - pros and cons. • Vocabulary related to finances. • Acquisition of new skills, upgrading one's qualifications, various course offers and certificates Noun's genitive. • Advanced ways of information searching, remote ways of providing education, education platforms. • Facilities found in a moder language lab. Prepositions of place. • Education system in Germany - a discussion forum. • Technical occupations, handling and description of technical equipment, manuals. Prepositions with dative and accusative. • Malfunctions and technical faults. Imperative. • Complaints - exchaning emails.

Russian (A)

K_U14, K_U16, K_U20

• Healthy diet. • Wedding customs in Poland and Russia. • Family holidays. Sentences with а, и, но, или. • Leisure time. Writing a short play/movie review. • Mass media. Expressing opinion about mass media and their role. • Internet or newspapers. Demonstrative pronouns этот, эта, это, эти, тот, та, то, те. Using пользоваться (чем?) verb. • Disabled are among us. Vocabulary and constructios connected with the topic of disabled. Popular occupations. Male and female noun forms of different occupations. Negative proniuns никто, ничто, некто, никогда, некогда никуда, некуда. • Professional duties. Vocabulary related to activities coonducted in popular jobs. • Job interview. Giving advice concerning job selection and preparation for job interview. • Moscow labour market. Describing pros and cons of certain occupations. Writing a job application. Working abroad - pros and cons. • Material revision. Talking about the plans after graduation. • Studying in Poland. Names of different universities; popular abbrevations. Vocabulary related to formalities and conditions that have to be met to study. • Studying in Russia. Abbrevations of universities and faculties, Supporting the choice of studies. Writing an email and private letter. • Student life. стать/быть/ работать (кем?) construction, быть по профессии/по образованию (кем?) construction and несмотря на то,что construction. • Excursions. Describing/planning and narrating excursions. Writing questions regarding holiday offers. • Summer camps. Tourist equipment. Travelling by train. путь noun. • Tourist office. Writing excursion advertising leaflets. Writing a letter of complaint. • Tourism in Poland. Accommodation base - vocabulary. Describing excusrions and sight-seeing. • Tiurism in Russia. Full meaning of турбюро, турбаза, ж/д abbrevations. заказать, забронировать verbs. • Renting a flat for summer. Vocabulary and constructions used in flat-renting advertisements. снимать, снять, сдать в аренду verbs. • Real estate agency Describing appearance of rooms and their facilities based on illustrations. • House or flat? Where to live? Subjectless sentences. • Material review Names of tourist equipment. vocabulary and constructions used when describing a flat. • Writing e-mails. Writing a private letter concerning an unfortunate journey. Vocabulary related to private letters. • Our neighbours. Participles: usage and creation. • Our planet Earth. Describing and proposing different ecological actions. Presenting data concerning biodegredation of different common-use products. • Protect nature. Conducting a survey related to pro-ecological behaviour. Writing an essay about environmental danges. • Natural disasters. Describing climate and weather. Vocabulary - natural disasters. • Ecological crisis. Describing climate and weather. Vocabulary - natural disasters. • Cataclisms. Describing activities related to acting in case of cataclisms. Superlative forms. • World of technologies. Talking about scientific inventions and technical novelties. Technical language. • 21st century inventions. Describing information technologies. Describing malfunctions. Vocabulary related to computer and internet. • Technology and us. Naming and describing inventions. Expressing opinions. • We are all equal. Creating utterances about the social roles of men and women. Expressing opinions about partnership. Vocabulary and constructions related to equality and social roles of men and women. • Generation gap. Expressing opinions about generation gap and discussion about the validity of some bans. • Juvenile subcultures. запрещать, запретить verbs. каждый, всякий, любой relative pronouns. • Important dates in our life. Describing dates and events. Complex quantifiers. • Products and services. Reading comprehension. Dialogues concerning malfunctions and repairs of every day objects. Advertisement's effect on a human. Describing activites related to advertisements. Naming and describing services. • E-commerce. Talking about e-commerce. Accusative of plural living and non-living nouns. • War. Expressing opinions about war service and women participation: discussion. Vocabulary related to war service, conflicts and inner and international problems. • Citizen debt. Reading comprehension. Imperatives: Будь я президентом, не было бы такого!. • Social problems. Naming and describing selected social problems and proposing their solutions. Vocabulary related to selected social problems. • Human and society. Conducting a debate abour homelesness and means of fighting it. Time constructions with prepositions:sa and vepes. • Master and Margaret. Discussing the text. Knowledge about Russia: life and work of Michael Bulhakow. • Slavian mythology. Read comprehension. • Russian painting. Reading comprehension: text about Russian painters. • Russian Federation. Vocabulary related to both the structure, as well as political ststem of Russian Federation. • Russia today. Reading comprehension concerning structure and political system of Russian Federation. • Poland in Europe. Reading comprehension concerning structure and political system of Poland.

Russian (B)

K U14, K U16, K U20

• Appearance. • Features of character. • Asking for personal details. Processing and transferring information. • Ethical problems. Personal prononus with or without preposition. • Home products. Present tense. • Real estate, Nouns. • House renovations. Adjectives. • School requirements. Verbs: учить, учиться, изучать. • Systems of educations in Poland and Russia. • School requirements. Prepositions в, на. • Occupations. Verbs related to different occupations. • Professional work. Temporary work. Labour market. Present tense. • Our portfolio. Writing a letter of motivation. Writing a CV. Nouns. • Family holidays. Naming holidays. Possesive pronouns. • Family members. Leisure time and reflexive

verbs. • People and relationships. Adverbs of place and direction. • Food and its names. • Restaurants. Numerals 1,2,3,4 in junction with nouns and adjectives. • Describing diets. Expressing opinions. Demonstrative pronouns. Imperative. • Services: buying and saling. Verbs: vynurs/noxynars. • Bank (types of payment). Main numerals. Nouns: pyöns. • Products. Advertisements. Adverbs of level and measurement. • Means of transport in Russia. Interesting places in Russia. • Travelling vocabulary. Naming and describing accommodation. Nouns ending -uň -ue. • Describing excursions and sight-seeing. Expressing opinions. Writing a blog. • Art genres (movies). Cinema genres. • Mass media. Present tenses. • Sport disciplines. Sport venues. • Sporstmen. Sport equipment. Comparatives. • Sport competitions. Nouns with adjectives. • Describing one's well-being. Ilnesses and means of curing them. • Curing and healing processes. Prepositions in constructions related to time and direction. • Addiction. Imperative. • Naming basic technical devices. Activities made with basic technical devices. • Computer and internet. Vocabulary. • Wildlife. Naming plants and animals. Describing landscape. • Catastrophies and natural disasters. Adjectives. • Catastrophies and natural disasters. Adjectives. • Ecology. Describing activities related to protecting natural environment. • Russia. Country's structures and offices. • Social and international organizations. Present tense. • Economics. Inner and international conflicts. • Social life. ce6я pronoun. друг друга expression. • Social problems. Vocabulary related to current social issues. • Master and Margaret. Reading comprehension. • Iwan Szukszyn. Reading comprehension. • Russian fables. Nouns with adjectives. • Russian holidays. Naming and describing holidays. • Polish holidays. Naming and describing holidays.

4. Student work placement and internship

The basic aim of the professional practice is to acquire practical skills that complement and deepen the knowledge acquired by the student during the classes at the university. The implementation of the internship provides the opportunity to: confirm and develop the student's professional competences within the chosen field of study and / or specialization, become familiar with advanced technical solutions as well as acquire professional knowledge and skills of their practical application, participate in the realization of specific projects and real problems solving. Apprenticeships give students the opportunity to learn about the specifics of the company's operations and to shape the attitudes desired by employers and co-workers (proper work organization, conscientiousness and responsibility for entrusted tasks).

Apprenticeship is treated as a separate module of education and it is mandatory to pass. The way of organizing professional practice is defined in the Rector's Regulation on the principles of organizing internships for students of the Rzeszów University of Technology. Students wanting to broaden their professional experience may also take additional internships at any time. Additional practices can be executed during the summer break.

The number of student work placements and internships is presented in Chapter 3 and may vary in different variants of the study plan for a given course Chemical and process engineering.